The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 6—Third Year. VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1887. No. 41

Another Liberal Candidate
ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION.

IT IS NOW CONCEDED BY ALL SIDES THAT

A. GILMORE
IS THE MOST
LIBERAL DEALER

In the Province, and in consequence takes his position at the head of the list while his prices still remain at the bottom.

WITHOUT COMPETITION.

It's our prices that turn them upside down.

A. GILMORE, Merchant Tailor & Clothier,
JOHNSON STREET.

$6 | PANTS! PANTS! PANTS! | $6
Made to Order for $6
AT
LEASK & MORRISON'S, 304 Government Street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

HOTELS—VICTORIA.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL.
YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
Established 1865. Rates $1.00 to $1.50 per day.
July13 T. J. BURNES.

THE CLARENCE.
FRANK G. RICHARDS, JR., Lessee,
Cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Tourists' headquarters. New and elegant in all its appointments. Fully supplied with all conveniences of modern hotels. Finest wines in every department. Prices moderate. ov13

THE OCCIDENTAL.
JOSEPH BAILEY, Props.
The Home Club House, cor. Wharf and Johnson streets, Victoria, B. C. Fronting on the wharves of the California, Puget Sound and Frazer steamers, Canadian Pacific and S. & N. railways. Largest and most convenient Hotel in the city. Everything new. Table well supplied. Bar and Billiard Room attached. Elevator to all floors. Imported Kilbarnch and Bass Ale always on draught. Hot and cold baths to the city, according to location of rooms, each day.

THE GORDON HOTEL.
ROBERT McDERMOTT, Props.
Johnson st., bet. Wharf and Wharf, above "Old Bob," will be found at his usual business of selling "Best Whiskey," but good liquors. He cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

ORIENTAL HOTEL.
W. MORGAN & SON, Props.
American plan. Is the most desirable Residence hotel in the city. Terms moderate.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.
JOHN BERRYMAN, Props.
Board and Lodging, per week ..... $4.50 and $5.
Board, per week $4.50
Meals, per meal 25c
Rooms, per night ..... 25c upwards
The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Southeast corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria. ap[illegible]

HOTELS—VANCOUVER.

LELAND HOUSE.
VANCOUVER.
New and complete in all appointments. Free 'bus to and from Trains and Steamers.
feb11 tar MRS. HIRSHBURG, Proprietress.

THE BURRARD HOTEL.
MARTIN & HALFOUR, Prop's.
Corner Carroll and Cordova streets, Vancouver, B. C. The only Restaurant hotel in Vancouver.

DOUGALL HOUSE.
JOHN DOUGALL, Props.
Cor. Cordova and Abbott sts., Vancouver, B. C. Finest Hotel in the city. It is a new building, contains every appliance for the comfort and comfort and luxury, including fire escapes, of guests. European and American plan. Fine dining room in charge of Mr. R. HILENE, who is authority as a Caterer. dec8

HOTELS—NEW WESTMINSTER.

HOLBROOK HOUSE.
NEW WESTMINSTER.
Has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout. Conveniently situated within easy distance of railway and steamboat landings. First-class in every respect. Rates, $2 to $2.50 per day. JOHN BANKIN, Proprietor.

HOTELS—KAMLOOPS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
KAMLOOPS, B. C.
Is situated at the junction of North and South Thompson Rivers, and is one of the most delightful locations in the Province. First-class accommodation for tourists. Stage meets all East and West trains.
J. T. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

HOTELS—WINNIPEG.

NEW DOUGLAS HOUSE.
WINNIPEG, MAN.
Most conveniently situated for strangers visiting Westmount. Pleasant and shaded rooms, giving a fine view of the city of Winnipeg and of the city. Prices moderate for families and commodation. Free 'bus. BENNETT & CO., Proprietors. ap27 1m

RESTAURANTS.

BELVIDERE RESTAURANT.
F. DAVIS, Proprietor.
Yates street, next Government and Broad st. ap[illegible]
Lunches, hot—Government and Broad st. ap[illegible]
Everything in season. Give us a call. Meals from 25 cents upwards. ap28

CONFECTIONERY.

PRACTICAL BOOKKEEPING AND THE Science of accounts taught, Evenings, as well as Day Classes, by [illegible] Apply at office, room [illegible], Address J. M. Macdonald, office of this paper. feb22 tf

CORBIN SCHOOL.
A PRIVATE AND HIGH CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL
for young gentlemen, will open on Monday, January 10th, 1887. Full staff of Professors. Very centrally for Boarders. [illegible]

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
H. J. CAMPBELL, B. A.
Private tuition for candidates required for matriculation in Arts and other Universities. [illegible]

MUSICAL.

HERR HEINRICH BOHRER,
PROFESSOR OF PIANO,
From Stuttgart, has arrived, and will receive pupils at his residence, 34 Douglas st. Terms, $20 per quarter. Home visits, where he may be wanted, extra. dec18

DOMINION ELECTIONS.

Full and Correct List of Members Elected Throughout the Dominion.

SENATE CONTINUED.

PROV.	NAME.	STANDING.
Yale	Mara	

HALIFAX.

Lunenburg	How	
Marquette		Wallace
Pictou (Colchester)	Boyd	
Richmond	Daly	
Shediac	Scott	
Winnipeg		

OTTAWA.

Algoma		
Addington	Bell	
Bonnechere		Mills
Brant, South		Somerville
Brant, North		Patterson
Brockville	Wood	
Bruce, North	McNeill	
Bruce, East	Cargill	
Bruce, West		Blake
Carleton	Macdonald	
Cardwell	White	
Cornwall and Stormont	Bergin	
Dundas	Hickey	
Durham, East	Ward	
Durham, West		Blake
Dundas		Wilson (Cons)
Elgin, East		
Elgin, West		
Essex, South	Patterson	
Essex, North		O'Brien
Frontenac	Kirkpatrick	
Glengarry		Purcell
Grenville, South	Stanley	
Grey, East	Sproule	
Grey, South		Landerkin
Grey, North	Bacon	
Halton		Colter
Hastings		Wallace
Haldimand	Brown	
Huron	McKay	
Hastings, East		Bardette
Hastings, North	Powell	
Hastings, West	Robertson	
Huron, East		Macdonald
Huron, South		McMillan
Huron, West	Porter	
Kent		
Kingston	Macdonald	
Lambton, East	Mowat	
Lambton, West		Lister
Lanark, North	Lariviere	
Lanark, South	Haggart	
Leeds, South	Taylor	
Leeds and Grenville, N.	Reid	
Lennox	Ryckman	
Lincoln	Lyons	
Lincoln	Lewis	
Middlesex, West	Hodgins	
Middlesex, North	Houghton	
Middlesex, South		Armstrong
Middlesex, East	Marshall	
Monck	Boyle	
Muskoka and Parry Sound	O'Brien	
Norfolk, South	Tisdale	
Norfolk, North		Charlton
Northumberland, East		Mallory
Northumberland, West	Hilliker	
Ontario, South	Smith	
Ontario, West		Edgar
Ontario, North	McKillop	
Ottawa	Perley	
	Rochblave	
Oxford, North		Sutherland
Oxford, South		Cartwright
Peel	McCuig	
Perth, North	Rosson	
Perth, South		Trow
Peterboro, West	Stevenson	
Peterboro, East		Lang
Prescott		Labrosse
Prince Edward		Platt
Renfrew, North	White	
Renfrew, South		Campbell
Russell		Edwards
Simcoe, East		Cook
Simcoe, South	Tyrwhitt	
Simcoe, North	Bowerling	
Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry	Cameron	
Toronto, East	Small	
Toronto, West		
Victoria, West	Dewart	
Victoria, North		Barron
Victoria, East	Hudgeth	
Waterloo, North		Bowlby
Waterloo, South		Chamberlain
Welland	Ferguson	
Wellington, North		McMillan
Wellington, South		Innes
Wellington, Centre		Guthrie
Wentworth, South	Carpenter	
Wentworth, North		Bain
York, West	Wallace	
York, East		McLennan
York, North		Mulock

QUEBEC.

Argenteuil		Meikle
Bagot		Bryson
Beauharnois		Bergeron
Bellechasse		Gilbert
Berthier		Amyot
Bonaventure	Ricard	Beauchell
Brome		Fisher
Chambly		Prefontaine
Champlain	Montgomerie	
Charlevoix		Tessier
Chateauguay		Holton
Chicoutimi		Cantors
Compton	Pope	
Dorchester		Pacheco
D. and Arthabaska		Lavergne
Gaspe		
Hochelaga		Desjardins
Huntingdon		Scriver
Iberville		Beckard
Jacques Cartier	Ginnard	
Joliette		Guilbault
Kamouraska		Dumont
Laprairie		Daigle
L'Assomption		Geoffrion
Laval		Dubuc
Lotbiniere		Casgrain
Maskinonge		Desaulniers
Megantic		Baronette
Montcalm		Gloy
Montmagny		Chasinik
Montmorency		Chouette
Montreal Centre	Curran	
Montreal, West		Smith (A)
Montreal, East		Coursol
Napierville		Sir Patrie
Nicolet		Girouard
Ottawa	Wright	
Outaouais	Bryson	
Portneuf		Deblicquerre
Quebec, County		Martin
Quebec, City		Langelier
Quebec, East	McGreevy	
Quebec, West		Taschereau
Richelieu	Labelle	
Richmond and Wolfe	Ives	
Rimouski		Dy Fiset
Rouville		Higgsett
St Hyacinthe		Bernier
St John's		Bourassa
St Maurice	Dugas	
St. Hilaire		Angers
Shefford	Hall	
Shefford	Dale	
Stanstead	Colby	
Temiscouata	Grandbois	
Terrebonne	Chapleau	
Three Rivers	Lamarche	
Two Mountains	Drouet	
Vaudreuil	McMillan	
Vercheres		Geoffrion
Wolfe	Tatlock	
Yamaska		

NOVA SCOTIA.

Annapolis	Wade	
Antigonish	Thompson	
Cape Breton	Robson	
Cape Breton		McDougall
Colchester	McLean	
Cumberland	Tupper	
Digby	Campbell	
Guysboro		Kirk
Hants	Power	
Halifax		Fuller
Kings	Kaulbach	
Lunenburg	Cameron	
Pictou		Borden
Queens		Eisenhauer
Richmond	Dupper	
Shelburne	McDonald	
Victoria		Fraser
Yarmouth	McDonald	
Cumberland		Levitt

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Albert	Weldon	
Carleton		Hale
Charlotte		Gillmor
Gloucester	Burns	
Kent	Landry	
Kings	Foster	
Northumberland		Mitchell
Queens		King
Restigouche	Moffat	
St John City		Ryan
St John City and Co.		Skinner
		Weldon
Sunbury	Wilmot	
Victoria	Costigan	
Westmorland	Wood	
York	Temple	

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Kings		Robertson
		McLaren
Prince		Yeo
		Perry
Queens		Peters
		Welsh

THE LIBERAL MEETING.

A Large and Enthusiastic Gathering at the Victoria.

Speeches by Messrs. McCallum, Stuart, McLagan and Bodwell.

The theatre was crowded last night to hear the address of the Liberal candidate and his friends on political questions.

Dr. Milne was appointed chairman, and in opening the proceedings congratulated the Liberal party on the result of the contest. He read the following telegram which had just been received:

(COPY)

Toronto, Ont., Feb. 23

To Capt. E. A. McCallum, Victoria:

Congratulations hearing and from Government men. Gauge Algoma, Northwest, Dr. Sol. Cal. wants election news. W. T. R. Preston.

(Tremendous applause.) This indicated that in the very near future the Hon. Ed. Blake would be at the head of affairs in the Dominion. (Long cheers.) He introduced

Capt. McCallum, who, on coming forward was received with enthusiasm. He said, in coming before them tonight, he would appeal to them on patriotic rather than on party grounds—sorrier before party. Having heard the opinions of Mr. Fell and others, at a recent meeting, he could not help believing that those gentlemen would join the party of Mr. Blake by the back stairs; but he preferred to enter by the front door. (Cheers.) He was a Liberal or he was nothing. (Applause.) They had spoken about polling wires here, and polling wires there, but he declined to hold a candle to the devil, be he Sir John A. Macdonald, Barix, or plain Edward Blake. (Applause.) He came before them at the last moment, in default of a better man; if the Liberal association had found another he would have stood aside. Nincecomling to the province, he had advocated, according to his lights, the just rights of the community and the just rights of labor. Government exists for the benefit of the people—not for the benefit of themselves. Under the administration of Sir John Macdonald, the government had been run in the interests of himself and friends, and not in behalf of the country. Sir John, in opposition to the protest of the British Columbia government, had employed Chinese on the C. P. R., and they had become a permanent institution in British Columbia. That railway had cost the country $70,000,000, which had been added to the national debt, and would form a burden of taxation for this and coming generations. (Cheers.) The country had paid for the railway three times over; it was there but it was not the people's. It reminded him of the story of Yorkshire Jim, who used to ride a fine black mare. Yorkshire Jim saw out that he was about to leave his town to better his position, and visited Brown, Jones and Robinson to bid them good bye. Brown said to him, "will you sell that mare," and Jim being willing, a bargain was made and the mare was sold to Brown for sixty guineas. Going to Jones, the mare was sold for seventy guineas, and a bargain was struck with Robinson at eighty guineas. The high-bred mare was to be left in the stable, where the purchasers would find her and take possession of their property. When the buyers went to get the mare, it was not there; Yorkshire Jim had ridden off on her very early in the morning. (Laughter.) The name of the mare was "Syndicate," got by Sir John, out of "Miss Boodle." (Laughter.) The mare was like the C. P. R., which had been paid for three times over, and those who had paid for it did not own the animal. The railway had been paid for once by land grants, again by the subsidy of $30,000,000, and once more by the issue of stock. Yorkshire Jim owns the road and means to keep it. (Applause.) The system of transferring the people's money into favorites' pockets, by "boodle" in the shape of railway bonuses, the granting of large areas of timber lands to members of Parliament, and the pensioning of relatives and friends of the government on the country were in turn alluded to and condemned. A reformation of the Senate was necessary; the legislative council of Old Canada was elective until confederation, when Sir John had the opportunity and made it appointive—a body the creature of the Premier. (Cheers.) The alienation of the public lands, and the planting of a landed aristocracy in free Canada, which was part of Sir John's policy, would, to a proportionate extent have the same effect that Cornwall's policy had on Ireland. (Applause.) If these things are permitted to extend they would be visited upon our children of the third and fourth generation. (Loud applause.)

Mr. H. MacNab Stuart was the second speaker. Capt. McCallum, he said, came before them as a Liberal and a labor reformer. He had been a labor reformer all his life, and had done the cause good service by pen and voice. (Applause.) A labor reformer must be a Liberal; such reforms could be hoped for only from the Liberal party. He had heard a speaker the other evening describe himself as an English radical and a Canadian Conservative. The Conservative party was Tory first, last that was found to round too much like a tyrant and it became Conservative; but Sir John's corruption even made that name malodorous, and now, as a last resource, they tacked on a piece of their opponents cloak to dry and hide their naked deformity and came forward as Liberal-Conservatives. Liberal-Conservatives—the terms are contradictory. You cannot mix oil and water—combine ice and fire. Conservatism was inside. He was reminded of having, as a boy, seen a bull-pup tried for the first time. As the young dog's growl grew fiercer and his temper hotter as the mental fierceness of his nature became more apparent, and it became evident that the brutality was fully roused and he meant to kill, the old mountaineer who had bred him smiled, and rubbing his hands exclaimed, "he will do, he has the devil in him of the old bitch." Gentlemen, the Conservative party here is only a pup, but take care, be warned in time, it has the devil in it of the old bitch in England (Cheers and noise.) The speaker then traced Sir John's career; showed how he had begun by being a traitor to his leader, Sir Allan McNab; had sold his own province and his own people to Cartier into a twenty years subjection to French domination; had ruled by corruption through public contracts from Ellenborough and Haly to the C. P. R.; had deliberately, on the floor of the House, affirmed with an oath what he knew to be false; and was now seeking to foist upon the country a gigantic monopoly composed of lands stolen from the people and wealth extracted from the public coffers, dashed out with pink book titles from England. In conclusion, the speaker reviewed the effect of the tariff on the working classes and called upon the laboring men, irrespective of party, to cast one vote at all events for the workingmen's friend and candidate.

Mr. J. C. McLagan was next introduced. He appeared before them as a Liberal—a Liberal from conviction. He referred to the encouraging news just received from the east that the Liberals had a majority of six so far as heard from, indicating in the most unmistakable manner the utter defeat and rout of the government and no distant day when Canada's most talented son and statesman—the Hon. Edward Blake—would assume control of our affairs. (Cheers.) It had been stated by Sir John A. Macdonald and the Hon. T. White that the Liberal party was not a progressive party, but what was the fact? The union of Upper and Lower Canada, the inauguration of the Grand Trunk Railway, the first important road in the country, and the Upper Canada municipal loan system were the works of the Liberal party.

George Brown and fifteen Liberals supported the Federal system at the time of Confederation, whereas Sir John opposed it. George Brown was the father of Confederation, and it was also part and parcel of the policy of the Liberal party to acquire the Northwest. (Cheers.) Mr. Shakespeare had stated at his meeting, that the only policy of the Liberal party was one of blackmail, a statement seldom made by one political party against another. He (Shakespeare) could not point to one man in the Liberal party who had been guilty of blackmail. (Applause.) Mr. Shakespeare had also said that the Reform party had no policy, but he would refer him to the speeches of every Liberal who proclaimed himself in favor of Senate reform, a franchise based on universal suffrage and economical administration. He would point Mr. Shakespeare to Ontario, with its magnificent railway system, and liberal institutions, given to that province by the Reform party in refutation of that assertion. He corrected the remarks of Mr. Shakespeare in regard to the public debt and boodle business, which he (Shakespeare) had misrepresented, and declared that of the 53 Conservative members elected from Ontario, 51 were mixed up in the timber limits, coal and grazing lands scandals. (Cheers.) Referring to the question of taxation, he pointed out that British Columbia contributed nearly one million dollars to the Dominion treasury. In Ontario, the customs returns per head showed that province paid $3.84; Quebec, $6.62; Nova Scotia, $4.16; New Brunswick, $4.16; Prince Edward Island, $1.47; and British Columbia, $13.77. Mr. Shakespeare said the Liberal party had added $40,000,000 to the public debt; that assertion in a measure was true, but it should be remembered that the Liberal party was not responsible for more than a few hundred thousand dollars of that amount. The increase was due to the Intercolonial railway, the Welland canal, and other large obligations incurred by the Conservative government. (Applause.) Alluding to the Chinese question, he pointed out that the legislation came too late and after the evil was done. The Conservative party had done everything possible to injure the workingmen. While protecting the blooted sugar and cotton lords, they are supporting an expensive establishment in London to send out laborers to compete with the workingmen of the country. (Cheers.) Mr. Baker, in speaking of public expenditure in British Columbia gave the same expended on the C. P. R., provincial subsidy, etc., but these were foreign to the point and were expenditures enjoyed by every province alike and were fixed and unalterable. The expenditure on the Red River, between Winnipeg and Selkirk, where there was a railway on both sides, was over $500,000, whereas on Victoria harbor a paltry sum of $8,25 was expended. Mr. Shakespeare, had he performed his duty, would have insisted on an appropriation of several hundred thousand dollars for the improvement of navigation at this important city. The trade of the city was about being revolutionized, and it was unpatriotic on the part of our members to stand idly by and see our trade pass our doors. (Applause.)

Mr. Ernest Y. Bodwell, barrister, was the next speaker. His address was confined to the questions of Conservative legislation in the Northwest Territories and Manitoba. He commenced by showing that these territories were the natural market for articles of commerce produced in British Columbia, and that it was of the greatest importance to this province that that country should be rapidly settled with a contented and prosperous population. Therefore all legislation affecting these territories was a matter of vital interest to the electors of British Columbia. He then dwelt upon the extravagant sentiments made by Conservative leaders, with reference to the expected returns from land sales in the territories and showed that these visionary schemes had been almost barren of result, although the effect of such sentiments, made by men occupying the highest positions, was to introduce an era of wild extravagance which had resulted in the ruin of individuals, and had greatly retarded the settlement and development of the country. (Applause.) Still if a wise and judicious policy had been adopted in dealing with the settlers, who actually did take up land, a much larger population might have settled there, and it would have been composed of comparatively prosperous and contented people instead of a few settlers scattered over a large territory and harassed by unwise regulations respecting homesteads and pre-emptions. At the time Canada acquired these territories there were there a large number of half-breed settlers. In Manitoba these settlers had received from the government titles to the land they occupied as well as scrip, amounting to 160 acres for each grown person and 240 acres for each child. But away west of Manitoba, there were other half-breeds who were entitled to the same rights as those in Manitoba, and in 1879 parliament passed a statute authorizing the government to deal with them on the same terms as they had with the half-breeds of Manitoba. But the government took no action to carry out the provisions of the statute, though they were guilty of many acts calculated to stir up enmity among the people and aggravate the grievances. (Loud cheers.) The government had neglected warnings and petitions from their agents and the people themselves, and had voted down all measures introduced by Liberals for giving representation in parliament to these settlers, and only awoke to the danger when it commenced. He concluded by stating that this neglect of duty, costing the country a large sum of money and the loss of many lives, was solely due to the negligence and incompetency of those in charge of the public affairs, and resumed his seat amidst enthusiastic applause.

Mr. McGlynnon spoke next. He said he was a practical politician who could not talk building bank houses and running railroads in every direction; he was a politician from principle. Conservatism was as necessary in our political system as Liberalism, but there was a kind of Conservatism that he despised. It was a non-public Conservatism that worked against progress and kept those down who are down. He would rather have the back of the ashbury on his back than the ambitory of the new Conservatism that had grown up. It was a legitimate object of government to increase wages when they can do it honestly. Everything prospered—virtue and prosperity increased—when the wages of the people increased. The protective tariff did not help labor, which was controlled by competition, and the law of supply and demand. After many years a beggarly protection had been placed upon the importation of Chinese labor, not for the protection of our laboring men, but because of their degrading social habits. (Applause.) It was the importation of cheap laborers and not cheap goods that brought down the wages. A tariff on labor would keep down competition and put up wages, but that they would never get. If there was any one to be thanked for the Chinese Restriction Act, it was the trades and labor committee of the east, appealed to by the trades councils of this city. (Applause.) Indirect taxation was the worst form of taxation, and was not upheld by men who wanted to see the world progress, if paid directly the taxpayers would be careful in seeing who was placed over him and who controlled the destinies of the country. (Hear, hear.) The Conservative Government had tried to build up a House of Lords, had refused to reduce the franchise, and the workingmen were now appealed to give their votes to a man who scoots out, not for local reasons, but for principle and right.

Mr. Stenhouse, M. P. P., said he was here to support the candidature of Capt. McCallum, not so much because he is a Liberal in Canadian politics, as because his sympathies are with the bone and sinew of the country. He had nothing to gain, and he had much to lose by entering parliament. Gentlemen of industry, the hour is approaching and the man has come. Now is your opportunity to assert your rights; the rights of labor as against the pretensions of an aggressive and grinding monopoly. Let no vote for McCallum and for no one else. The other candidates may safely be left to look out for themselves. Any one of them will make an excellent member; but the Captain must be our special care. By withholding our votes from all the other candidates we shall return our man with the certainty of fate. Gentlemen, remember the watchword on the day of the poll: "McCallum, and McCallum alone."

A vote of thanks to the chair, and cheers for the Queen, Capt. McCallum and the Hon. Mr. Blake brought one of the most successful meetings ever held in Victoria to a close.

German Elections.

BERLIN, Feb. 24.—The following named new German Liberals who were members of the last Reichstag have been detected: Hasenclever, Paschenbeck, Lowenberg, Forchromann, Rohland, Hulbem, Ezzoldt, Pueger, Hinso, Wilbrandt, Analoed, Prophing, Baumgarten, Lipke, Langerhan and Peppeller, Harren, Wisher, Biel, Scholdout and Burger, centrists, have failed of re-election. Homstein, Septennate, centrist, was elected in Donnaschin without opposition. Baumann, also a Septennate, centrist, has defeated Hozabach, centrist. Zefferman, a protester, polled 15,886 votes at Erotein and Melchin against Bulsche 5,802.

Tayblatt says the dangerous character of Alsace-Lorain is mitigated only by the largeness of the government's majority.

Prince Hohenlohoe may consider it advisable to take precautionary measures in view of this hostile feeling.

The North German *Gazette* says: The result in Alsace is proof that France is as distant as ever from recognizing the loyalty of the Frankfort treaty. On the Bourse to-day there was a further advance and prices were very firm, but the market closed rather heavy owing to bear purchase. The same may be said of Vienna Bourse, although securities there closed above yesterday's closing prices.

European Earthquake.

ROME, Feb. 23.—An earthquake occurred here this morning; houses rocked, walls cracked and in some cases frail tenements were thrown to the ground. People rushed from their houses and fell upon their knees in the streets praying for deliverance from sudden death. Visitors to the city became frightened and are leaving the city. Many persons were injured by falling debris. Much alarm is felt lest there should be a recurrence of the shocks. The Prince of Wales who was in Nice a few days ago witnessing the festivities which preceded Lenten season had taken his departure and was safe at Cannes. The shock was also felt at Monaco, at which place it was so severe that rocks were detached from cliffs and precipitated into the sea. The disturbances extended as far as Genoa.

LATER.

Further dispatches concerning the earthquakes in the south of Europe this morning state that two violent shocks were felt at Toulon at 6 o'clock. The first was fifteen seconds in duration; the second of twelve seconds with movement from west to east. At Cannes three shocks were felt in the same hour. The first shock which was very violent lasted one minute; the second and third shocks were not so heavy as the first. Many persons at this place rushed to the sea shore for safety; no one injured. At Avignon three shocks were experienced between 5 and 6 o'clock. The first shock was very severe and awakened everybody in the place. A shock was felt at Genoa at 5 o'clock.

From the Golden State.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 23.—The charges of manslaughter preferred by the coroner's jury against Leon Blum and Andrew Crawford, owners of the bark Hermann, on which three sailors were killed by the breaking of a bolt, have been dismissed by police Judge Lowler here.

SNOW ON THE S. P. R. EXTENS.

Reports received here this morning state that up to 7 a. m., 24 inches of snow had fallen at Blue Canyon; 18 inches at Emigrant Gap; 22 at Cisco; 20 at Bonnett; 15 at Truckee; 12 at Alta on the Central Pacific. The snow is also reported to have fallen at Tehachapi to a depth of 8 inches, and at Kane 2 inches on the Southern Pacific.

Remnants at Albion House.

Condensed Advertisements

Insertion of one week, such as Situations Vacant, Situations Wanted, Lost, Found, Lost and Found, and similar notices, and Business Chances for Sale or Exchange, Lost Stock, Cattle, Poultry, Dogs, Pigeons, Bees, Boarding and Lodging Houses, Apartments, Rooms, Farms, Land for Sale or Rent, Houses to Let, Lodgings Wanted, Situations Wanted, Lost, Found

HON. EDWARD BLAKE, Q.C.,

THE COMING PREMIER OF THE DOMINION.

The Hon. EDWARD BLAKE is a Canadian, having been born in the township of Adelaide, Middlesex County, Ont., on the 13th of October, 1833. He is a descendant from a distinguished Irish family. His father, the Hon. WILLIAM HUME BLAKE, was a member of the BALDWIN-LAFONTAINE government from 1847 to 1849. Mr. BLAKE's grandfather was the late Rev. DOMINICK EDWARD BLAKE, Castle Grove, Galway. Mr. BLAKE's mother was also descended from a clever talented family, a grand daughter of WILLIAM HUME, Esq., for many years M. P., for Galway. It will thus be seen that in the person of Mr. BLAKE, our coming premier, are to be found traits inherited from famous progenitors. The subject of this sketch first entered public life in 1867; he being one of the famous number of young men who entered the political arena at that time, and known as the "Chancery brigade." Relentless death has already removed three of that distinguished number, namely, Chief Justice MOSS, JAMES BEATTIE and ADAM CROOKS. On entering the Commons it was said of him in Ottawa, no less than in legal circles at Toronto, that he at once stepped into the very front ranks of his party. Men who had for years stood high in the political world gladly welcomed him to a place beside them, and recognized the power with which he grappled with the various questions that came on for consideration. The result of the Provincial elections of 1871 were very close, and on the assembling of the Legislature, Mr. BLAKE led the attack on the Hon. JOHN SANDFIELD MACDONALD, and succeeded after a most stubborn resistance in displacing that gentleman and his Patent Combination government. Mr. BLAKE was called upon to form a government. He called to his assistance his future chief in the Dominion, the Hon. ALEX. MACKENZIE, as treasurer for the Province, and a few gentlemen who are still members of Mr. MOWAT's Cabinet. Since that date Ontario has been in the hands of the Liberals. Then, as now, Mr. BLAKE was elected for Durham and Bruce. There is a remarkable coincidence in this respect. In 1872 he captured the ramparts of the so-called Liberal-Conservatives in Ontario, and in a few weeks he will go up and take possession of the Conservative treasury benches at Ottawa. The following sketch of this remarkable man—admitted on all hands to be the most distinguished colonial jurist, statesman and orator in the British realm—is extracted from the Winnipeg *Free Press*:

The admiration which Mr. BLAKE commanded upon his entry into the House of Commons did not exceed that which he had won for himself since the very beginning of his intelligent life. From his boyhood up, he has always been deeply respected and trusted by those who knew him. Even before his school days, before he had left the family circle as a man in miniature, he was seen to possess an excellent memory, a thirst for knowledge, great abilities, earnestness of purpose, and a burning love of justice and right. During his college days the same qualities distinguished him. His welcome there was as emphatic as it was afterwards in the House of Commons. He manifested his abilities by securing with ease the greatest honors available at the hands of Lord ELGIN. Above and beyond the college curriculum, however, he had read more, and amassed more useful knowledge than any boy of his day. At the same time he was anything but a close student, always taking a prominent part with his fellows in out-door sports.

At the University he was equally distinguished. No man was more sincerely beloved in than was Mr. BLAKE. Besides possessing commanding abilities and great intellect, he was seen to be an honorable man and without guile. His welcome everywhere was as sincere as it was afterwards in the House of Commons. No finger was raised against him, nothing ungenerous or dishonest was detected in his character. There are no more searching tests of character than those of college and university life, and from both college and university EDWARD BLAKE emerged crowned with the respect and sincere admiration of his fellows.

His professional life tells the same story. Thirty years ago, in his 23d year, he began his practice in Toronto as an attorney and solicitor. The Court of Chancery had been recently remodelled, and he had spent the period of his pupilage in an especial study of that branch of the law. The present Premier of Ontario and a few other counsel headed the profession in years and ability, but in a very few years they welcomed Mr. BLAKE to their ranks; shortly afterwards he became a Queen's counsel, and in a remarkably brief space of time no one could rank with him as a cross examiner, a chancery lawyer, or in powers of memory and effectiveness of reply. At the early age of 34 years, his pre-eminent abilities had become so marked that the Chancellorship of Ontario was offered to him. This he declined on the ground that he was too young and active to leave the practice of his profession, and for other sufficient reasons. His professional career has always been marked by blamelessness and a succession of marked triumphs.

He first entered political life in 1867. He did so reluctantly, but in response to the ever renewed requests of the Liberal party. His previous training in constitutional law at once made him a tower of strength. West Durham returned him as a member of the House of Commons, and as those were the days of dual representation, South Bruce divided the honors with West Durham by sending him to the Ontario Legislature. What was afterwards said of his entry to the Commons was true of his appearance in the Legislature. His fitness to lead the Opposition was immediately perceived, but for two years he refused to take the position, preferring to assist and advise Mr. MCKELLAR who retained the leadership during that time, and then resigned in his favor. For a year and a half he retained the leadership, conferring great distinction upon himself, and winning from the *Bystander* the following encomium:

"To think freely and see both sides "of all questions is a mark of supe-"rior intellect which honorably dis-"tinguishes Mr. BLAKE from the "factious narrowness or humble "fidelity of his rivals."

At the end of that time, after defeating JOHN SANFIELD MACDONALD's coalition government, he was sent for by the Lieut.-Governor and made premier. After a few months, owing to the strain upon his constitution, and the demands of his law practice he exchanged the premiership for a position in the cabinet without salary, but continued ill-health against which he had fought hard out of love for his country compelled a change of scene. On his return from Europe, owing to the passage of the act prohibiting dual representation, and to his inability to attend to his law practice, the Commons and the Legislature all at once, he resigned his position in the Ontario government and entered the House of Commons where he met with the cordial reception above referred to. As was said by him, he "stepped at once into the very front ranks of his party." The leadership of the opposition was offered him, but refused. The demands made upon his time, and continued ill-health for some time prevented him from becoming an active member of Mr. MACKENZIE's government after it succeeded to power. In the Commons as in the Legislature he again became a member of the government without portfolio or salary until 1875, when he entered upon his successful and distinguished career as Minister of Justice which portfolio he retained until 1877, when ill-health drove him entirely out of public life, and seemed to threaten his existence.

Mr. BLAKE's subsequent career has realized even more than it first gave promise of. Conservatives and Liberals alike at one time prophesied that that he was too guileless and too great an embodiment of the old-fashioned virtues to succeed in political life. To the disgrace of our country, be it said, this statement for some recent years seemed to contain the truth. While the fires of corruption raged and roared on every hand, his voice seemed to be on the wind. While every man loved and respected of his utterances, many refused to follow his example. For years sacrificing his time, abandoning a most lucrative profession, refusing all questionable short cuts to power, exhausting his physical constitution, and taxing his intellect in a manner unprecedented in Canada, he has called to our public men to return to the paths of uprightness and honor. He has attacked corruption in its strongholds, and was waged a never wearying hand-to-hand fight that threatens to drive it from public life. Despising mere partisan advantage, his actions have always been carried out on the lines of pure and admirable statesmanship. His idea of public life is that to gain power is not important, while to merit it is. No man of fine sensibilities ever breathed a Canadian atmosphere, but rather than abandon public life at Ottawa which Macdonalism seems to have converted into a train of sinecures he has stood at his post, fought down corruption, and invoked a return to honesty and statesmanship. During the year just closed he delivered a number of exhaustive, eloquent and statesmanlike speeches to the people of Canada that will have a marvellous effect in clearing the political atmosphere and deodorizing public life. In number, eloquence and comprehensiveness these great philippics are so remarkable that they will become historic. So successful have his efforts been that soon it can no longer be said that political life is too disgraceful for a man of EDWARD BLAKE's sensibilities and honesty. He is gradually raising it up to his own standard. The time has now arrived when EDWARD BLAKE is no longer unsuitable, but when no one else will suit the people of Canada. The fires of corruption must burn no more. The people of Canada have come to the rescue of their country, to drive off the brood of the carrion kite. EDWARD BLAKE is the man to lead our fair Dominion out of bondage, and to wrest her from the corruptionists. A man of splendid intellect, of immense shrewdness, of iron will, of unceasing industry, loving justice, venerating all that is good, hating corruption, despising trickery, loathing humbug, and possessing a record unspotted by Pacific scandals, boodle transactions, the receipt of presents from contractors, and who has not counselled with a murderer and paid his way into another country, while crying "would to God I could catch him"—such a man is EDWARD BLAKE, the future Premier of a better, cleaner Canada.

Referring to Mr. BLAKE, the Canadian Liberal leader, the Montreal *Witness* says: In intellectual power no parliamentarian approaches him, and its great mental abilities he brings untiring industry. His speeches on almost every important question which is brought up in parliament, give evidence of a careful examination of all the facts that can be got at in connection with his subject, and of careful judgment in deciding as to his course from the conclusions which he has come to. It was a matter of reproach against him by his opponents that he felt nothing to be dealt with by his followers in parliament; he did all the work himself. The fact was that his industry enabled him to examine into all matters, and when he had dealt with a subject in his exhaustive manner there was little left to be said upon it from his side of the question—or from the other side either. No member of the House gives such close and careful attention to the proceedings of the House; no item of routine, no order, no question, no motion escapes his notice. No slip in a government measure or a favorite bill evades his keen scrutiny. Time and again he has pointed out serious defects in measures which the government has brought before the House. His capabilities and powers in the House are the astonishment and admiration alike of friend and foe. His speeches before the people are always of a high order, regarded from any point of view. Their moral tone is usually of the very highest. The more political portion of his speeches is generally prefaced by the noblest appeal to the highest qualities of his hearers. Throughout they are closely reasoned, thoroughly informed with authentic fact, and are generally models of dignified eloquence.

ANYONE Can earn from two to five dollars a day by soliciting subscribers for the New Ladies' Fashion Magazine to be published in January. It is the best household paper in Canada, subscription only 50c. per year; premiums to all. The publishers are determined to secure a circulation of 50,000 to start with, and will send the Magazine for a whole year and a valuable present for 25c. Just think of it, this offer remains good for 30 days only. Address

ADELBERT MILES, Business Manager,
jan 15 DW Stanstead, P.Q.

NOTICE.

Just Received from Eastern Markets, a Fine Line of

Chinchilla & Cheviot

SATIN LINED

OVERCOATS

Ordered expressly for my customers.

For Capes and Duffs for gentlemen, Boss Pony Overcoats; Purchase for men and boys.

J. ALSO

Tweed Pants, from $2 upwards; Black walking Coats, at $3.50 each, Black Coat, $3.50 each; Diagonal Suits at $8 per suit. And a full line of

Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Hats, Trunks, Notions, Etc.

LEWIS LEWIS,

YATES STREET. jan 15 3m

BUTTER.

200 Kegs Choice Brockville and Morrisburg

BUTTER,

For sale by

THOS. EARLE.
jan4

FOR SALE.

The Victoria House, Dry Goods Business.

ESTABLISHED 18 YEARS, AND NOW DOING a profitable trade.

The undersigned wishing to retire, offers the well assorted Stock for Sale on Hand.

The brick Store, Stock, with fixtures complete, can be leased for a term of years, also the brick Warehouse in the rear, with entrance from Broad Street.

WILLIAM DEENY,
Government St., Victoria, B.C.

The business will be carried on as usual, give the very best value for cash. jan 19

BROWN'S

Climax Washing Powder.

Awarded First Prize at B. C. Exhibition, Richmond, Ontario, Montreal, etc. Unequalled for use. 10c. per pkt. Large package, 40c. 1 lb. small, 20c. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

W. H. ALLEN, Sole Agent for Manufacturers, Lyman Bros. & Co., Toronto and Winnipeg. aug 8 eod

Comfort and Durability.

BOOTS AND SHOES

Made to Order,

In Every Style, from the Best

French Calf, Kid, Kip and Morocco, Porpoise, English Grain and Alligator Hides.

A FIT GUARANTEED.

Country Customers, by following lines on diagram, can take their own measures, and receive prompt attention.

Repairing attended to on short notice.

H. MANSELL,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA,

P. O. Box 34. OPPOSITE POST OFFICE. P. O. Box 34.

N. B.—Just Received, the Finest Lot of FRENCH LEATHERS ever imported. feb19 D1w W1m

THE SUN LIFE

Assurance Company

OF CANADA.

Head Office: 164 St. James Street, Montreal.

Assets	$1,400,000
New Business during 1886	$3,527,000

Don't Travel without an ACCIDENT POLICY in the SUN LIFE.

1. The SUN is a Home Company, investing all its funds in Canada, and has thus a special claim on Canadian Assurers.
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4. The SUN alone issues an absolutely Unconditional Policy. There is no "if" or "provided" about it. It is short, clear and straightforward. The only condition is the payment of premium.
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J. E. CRANE, General Agent for British Columbia

Office—Room 8, Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.

jan20 eow 6m

The Cash Store!

ERSKINE'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

Corner Government & Johnson Sts.

BEST VALUE IN TOWN.

THE GENUINE

BELL ORGAN.

MANUFACTURED BY W. BELL & CO., GUELPH, ONT.,

Is the pioneer in Canada, is today the only recognized *High Class Instrument* manufactured in the country.

The Superiority OF THE

Bell Organ

has been demonstrated at all the World's Fairs, and the demand is constantly increasing.

Intending purchasers will do well to call on the AGENTS FOR VICTORIA,

C. A. LOMBARD & Co.,

Government Street. aug11

ANNOUNCEMENT!

If you will call on us you will find that our Stock of BOOTS and SHOES is well-selected throughout. We make a SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING; for neatness we cannot be beat. You will find us at

112 Government Street. IRVING BROS.

Samuel May & Co.,

TORONTO

Manufacturers of

Billiard & Pool Tables,

With Steel and Monarch Cushions.

Importers of and Dealers in all kinds of

BILLIARD MATERIAL

Ten Pin Alley Balls Pins, &c.

Always in stock. Sole B. C. Agency,

H. S. DE WOLFE,
Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.

VANCOUVER CITY.

100 Choice City Lots

FOR SALE,

IN SAMUEL GREEN'S SUBDIVISION OF Thirty Acres, fronting on English Bay, adjoining the location of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's WORKSHOPS, ROUND HOUSE and Terminal Buildings. This is the most desirable property on English Bay and must increase rapidly in value.

Prices are low and terms to accommodate as to place them within the reach of every one.

Plans of lots, prices and conditions, can be obtained on application to

SAMUEL GREEN.
oct8 tf Vancouver.

Empire Brewery.

HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery, is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a vein of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any Imported Ale, Beer and Porter.

The machinery and beef latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the results are the finest manufactured in the Province.

Orders for the supply of the shipping trade or private families will receive prompt attention and satisfactory results guaranteed.

HENNING PETERS,
Empire Brewery,
oct15 tf Spring Ridge, Victoria, B.C.

IMMENSE SUCCESS

BIG SALES

OF

Dry Goods

AT

Popular Prices

All our Winter Stock of Ladies and Children's Jackets, Dolmans, Wraps, Wool Shawls are still further Reduced in price.

Latest Styles in Fur Capes, Silk Waterproofs, Fur-Lined Circular Dolmans, &c., are all to be sacrificed to

CASH!

Ten Cents on the Dollar is still the big incentive, and we continue to give that discount for ready money.

Children's Handsome Ulsters from 40 cents.

Woolen Stockings from 10 cents per pair.

Come to the ALBION HOUSE

And Save 25 per cent.

BROWN & WHITE,

Government Street.

COAL! COAL!

The Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Company [Limited.]

Best Vancouver Coal

$7 PER TON OF 2000 LBS.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

The above Coal is Hand-Picked and of the Best Quality.

WM. CROFT,

OFFICE—FOOT of YATES STREET.
jan19 1m

Wood and Coal.

Consumers, Attention!

VANCOUVER COAL,

Of a superior quality, delivered in any part of the city, at $7 per ton. Also,

GOOD WOOD!

Delivered at current rates PER CORD (not loads).

All orders left at J. FINLAYSON'S store, corner of Broughton and Government streets, or at the SCOTCH BAKERY, Douglas street, will receive prompt attention from the undersigned.

A. C. HOWE.
mar27 3m

ISLAND RAILWAY

Cordwood and Timber Yard

RUSSELL'S STATION.

First-Class Cordwood, and full cords guaranteed.

Cedar Posts and Poles for sale, and delivered to all parts of the city, at reasonable rates.

ADAM INNES, Agent,
Corner John and Government Streets
Tele. home Call No. 185. jan5

Notice to Stockmen.

THE SHORT-HORN DURHAM BULL,

"LORNE"

Will be offered for service until further notice at the Farm of the undersigned, Foul Bay, Terms—$5, cash.

The Thoroughbred Berkshire Boar

"CONQUEROR"

is also offered for service. Terms—$4, cash.

jan28 1m D&W J. S. SCHOFIELD.

A. A. Aaronson,

PAWNBROKER.

Money advanced to any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Trinkets, Trunks and Consorts, or on any Approved Security.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing purchased. Parties waited on at their residences. INDIAN CURIOS in rare and curious variety. Note the address—Johnson Street, between Broad and Government. ap1

Yorkshire Market,

ESTABLISHED 1858.

W. W. EVANS & CO.,

Yates Street, between Government and Broad.

Beef and Pork Packers, Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Pure Lard Lard. Every line of goods pertaining to the business. jan27 tf

Dominion Elections.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

Electoral District of Victoria.

GENTLEMEN, FELLOW CITIZENS:

Having accepted the nomination of the Liberal Association of Victoria, I would respectfully solicit your suffrages, which, if granted, I shall regard as a delegated and sacred trust to be used in the best interests of the province.

I regard below the platform I would go to the country and advocate Liberal, a course in the best and general interests of this country.

I am, Gentlemen,

Faithfully yours,

ARTHUR EDWARD MCCALLUM.

To guard the interests of the public, to whom all rights in the public domain rightly belong, in order to prevent the national lands and natural wealth of the province being monopolized and given away to individual men free of conditions, some, none or the contribution to the public revenue.

To so modify the existing Dominion land act as to give every facility to working men and their families, creating homes and homesteads for themselves, while leaving them at liberty during the year to enter the labor market to earn the wages that will enable a man to fall back upon, and improve his holding in slack times.

To guard all provincial rights against encroachments by the Dominion—remembering that in recent attempts to concentrate all power at Ottawa, at the expense of the provinces, the privy council of England has pulled out clearly that as the Dominion did not create the rights of the provinces, no wonder can the Dominion parliament take those rights away.

To advocate the absolute right of the province to receive back an equitable apportionment of public lands for public works, commensurate with the amount of customs revenue collected upon imports. Such public works to include harbor improvements, telegraphic communication with Cape Beale, better mail facilities to the west coast, &c.

To admit duty free all raw material and the natural product of the country intended for manufacture in Canada.

That there should be a readjustment of local tariffs on the primary necessaries of life, which now bear unfairly upon the poorer class of the community and relatively lightly upon the luxuries of the rich and that tariff should be modified as far as the lavish expenditure and incurred debt of the present administration, we are burdened with, will permit.

That a progressive income tax would enable the legislature to effect these fiscal revisions whilst obliging existing monopolies, duly and equitably, to contribute to the expenses of the country in proportion to their profits.

That a commission should consider the question of a revival of possibility of a limited reciprocity treaty with the United States on such terms as might suit the national interests of both countries.

That the senate of Canada, superior under the appointments of the present administration to have practically ceased to be a representative body under our responsible form of government, and that its recent conduct under an elective system is destructive if not impossible.

That no minister of the crown, or member of parliament should during office, accept directly, or indirectly, interest in land grants, timber limits, coal lands, railway subsidies or expenditure it may be deemed expedient by parliament to grant to companies. Corporate bodies or to individuals in developing the resources of the country.

That every effort should be made in the issue, or sale of public land, or the granting of leases underpositions of the natural wealth of the country, in timber, coal, mines, and minerals, to reduce our enormous public debt, totalled during the term of office of the existing government.

COMPLETE REVOLUTION

IN

Monumental Work.

WHITE BRONZE MONUMENTS

Drawings and testimonials may be seen at the Office of the Agents for Victoria.

H. G. & R. WALKER,
nov20 D&W 6m Spencer's Arcade

John Weiler,

MANUFACTURER OF

FURNITURE

OF ALL GRADES,

And Importer of

Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

AGENT FOR DOMINION

WIRE MATTRESSES,

Only Mattress Manufactured in Canada using Oil Tempered Springs, secured First Prize wherever exhibited, and testimonials from leading citizens throughout the whole Dominion. Call and examine these. Also

IRON BEDSTEADS

Combined with above Mattress.

The Trade Supplied at Lowest Rates.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

P. O. Box 218, Victoria, B. C.
jan28

JOURNALISM IN JAPAN.

A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIVE LEADING NEWSPAPERS.

The First Japanese Daily Brought Out in Yokohama in 1871—Small Circulation of the Newspapers—The "Blood-Stained Story" Business.

On June 18, 1871, the first "daily" in Japan was launched in Yokohama under the title of The Yokohama and Tokyo Mainichi Shimbun (The Yokohama and Tokyo Journal), and it is still one of the leading papers in the country. It is now simply called The Mainichi Shimbun or The Daily Journal, and its headquarters are in Tokyo; nevertheless it eventual more local news of Yokohama than any other of the great dailies. It is progressive in politics, and the editorial columns are under the charge of three able writers, while the news columns are taken care of by six editors. The total number of men connected with this paper is given at about seventy, exclusive of the type and printing department. Its daily circulation is at present 5,000, one-half of which is circulated in Tokyo and Yokohama, and the rest throughout the country. There is no issue on Sundays. It is a four-page paper of twenty by fifteen inches, to which are added occasional supplements. The subscription rate is $6.30 per annum, including postage to any part of the world; a single copy sells for three cents.

The leading paper that came next into existence was the Yokohama Nichi Nichi Shimbun (The Yokohama Daily News), and was started on Feb. 21, 1871. This is a conservative paper, and it will the government in its political views. Its staff is as follows: Five managers, 3 editors, 10 news writers, 7 proof readers, 60 clerks, 60 carriers for Tokyo, 30 typewriters, 30 printers, 3 engineers and 1 smith. The machinery with which this paper is printed consists of a steam engine of eight horse power, and the following machines, viz., one of thirty-two pages and three of sixteen pages, four foot presses and two hand presses. It is an eight page paper, twenty by fifteen inches. Its daily circulation is quoted at 10,500 copies, 6,000 of which are distributed in the interior of the country and its foreign consulates, the remaining 4,500 are sold in Tokyo. It is issued every day except Monday, when there is no issue. A single copy costs four cents, and the yearly subscription is $6.60 with postage extra. Mr. Fukuchi, the proprietor and the editor-in-chief, is one of the best living writers in Japan. Mr. Fukuchi was the president of the local parliament of Tokyo since its organization, but is now retired.

The Choya Shimbun (The Government and the People) comes next in the order of seniority among the leading papers. It was launched Sept. 1, 1872; it is now managed by three editors and five news writers. On Mondays there is no issue. Its daily circulation is 6,000 in Tokyo and 4,500 in other parts of the country and to foreign countries, making a total of 7,500 copies. The printing is done by the following rolling machines: One of forty-eight pages, two of thirty-two pages and one of sixteen pages, besides five similar machines. It is liberal in politics and is supposed to be the most literary of the leading dailies. Single copies of it cost three cents, and the yearly subscription is $6.10, with postage extra, except in cities of a large population, where it is delivered free. Mr. Narushima, who started it, is now dead, and the effect of his loss is plainly to be seen.

Almost simultaneously with the issue of the last paper there came into existence The Yubin Hochi Shimbun (The Mail). This is one of the great dailies, and is progressive in politics. It is a four page paper of double the size of the other dailies. It sells for four cents, or $2.35 for the year, with postage extra, except in a few special districts, where no postage is charged. The circulation of this paper is probably between 8,000 and 10,000 a day. Just a week ago to-day the paper made an extraordinary change; its size was cut down to almost half of what it used to be, and the price was reduced in nearly equal proportion. It is now selling for one and one-half cents a copy, and the subscription rate was reduced to $3.20 per annum from $6.85. This change is said to be the result of the editor's tour in Europe.

The latest yet the most widely circulated paper among the leading journals in Japan is the Jiji Shinpo (The Times). It was started in March, 1882. Its editorial columns are under the personal supervision of Mr. Fukuzawa, the originator and owner, with the cooperation of two competent writers. Mr. Fukuzawa is the man who brought into Japan from the United States the first copy of Webster's unabridged dictionary ever imported. He had published a vast number of translated works from the English at a time when Japan's intercourse with the western world was in its infancy. He has thus diffused among the Japanese an immense amount of knowledge on the arts and sciences and western civilization in general. His late publications are from his own pen, but I am inclined to think that his translations have won him the greater fame. Mr. Fukuzawa is, besides, the founder of the largest private college in Japan. The Times has five new writers and eleven reporters for Tokyo. There are other officers who take charge of other departments. I am informed by a gentleman friend of mine who is well posted in the matter that The Times has more correspondents in the different parts of the country, as well as in foreign countries, than any other Japanese paper, and this agrees with my own impression. It is independent in politics, and the daily circulation is 12,000 copies, 4,500 of which are sold in Tokyo, and the remaining 7,500 are distributed to subscribers in other parts of the country and foreign countries. Sundays are set apart as holidays for the employes, but it is issued every other morning of the week. The annual subscription is $6.50; single copies three cents. It is a four page paper of twenty-three by seventeen inches, with a two page supplement on Mondays.

These five are called the leading dailies, and there are now some seventy other daily papers distributed all over the country. They are all published in the morning except two or three, which are circulated in the afternoon. Among them there are about a dozen of illustrated papers. They are written in an easy style, and contain usually a couple of illustrations. They stop at a point where people are intended to know the sequel. It is oftentimes stated at the termination of the article that, "owing to the want of space, the next interesting part of the story is carried to the next issue." Before one story is completed another is begun, and this keeps people to continue their subscription. These publications find their way among the lower class of people because of their easy style of written, their illustrations and their low prices. A single copy of this sort of paper sells at one and one-half cents, and the monthly subscription is from twenty-five to thirty cents, with postage extra. Their circulation is larger than the other class of dailies, and is from 12,000 to 40,000 per day.—Yokohama Cor. Commercial Advertiser.

The Esthetics of Hosiery.

There are certain rules about dressing the legs that must be followed to secure a good effect. Now, in fancy stockings the lower part should be dark and the upper part light. That gives the effect of emallness at the ankle and plumpness at the calf.

Reverse the position of the colors and the leg will look as straight and unpresse fat as a stick.

Then if the dark shade does not go all around the lower part, it should be at the back and not in front, for in that case it gives the ankle a fat look.

The hosiery that is flowed with so distinct look coming up to the swell of the calf gives a leg the best appearance.

Dominion Elections.

To the Electors of Vancouver Island District for the House of Commons.

GENTLEMEN:

I hereby tender myself as a candidate at the coming Dominion Election for the representation of your important district in the Parliament of Canada.

I again solicit your confidence as a firm supporter of the Liberal Conservative party, whose policy has helped the Dominion of Canada to her present exalted position.

I will hold public meetings wherever I find it possible to do so, of which due notice will be given, and at which I will give an account of my stewardship during the four years that I have had the honor of representing you in the House of Commons.

I have the honor to be,

Gentlemen,

Yours truly,

D. W. GORDON.

Nanaimo, Jan. 17th, 1887. janl8-tw

To the Electors of Vancouver District.

GENTLEMEN—Having been requested by a large number of Electors to allow my name to be placed in nomination as Liberal Conservative Candidate for the House of Commons for your large and important District, I respectfully announce myself as a Candidate for the favor of your support at the coming election.

I will be pleased to hold public meetings wherever possible as soon as dates can be arranged.

Yours Faithfully,

J. F. PLANTA.

Nanaimo, V. I., Jan. 16th, '87. jan23

To the Electors of the City of Victoria District.

GENTLEMEN:

I again offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the coming Election, as a Conservative, but not as a slave to any party. My platform will be: (1) The well-being of Victoria and District, which has been entirely overlooked; (2) Vancouver Island and its varied interests; (3) British Columbia in general; (4) The Dominion and its people. As Mayor of the city, I feel it will enable me to bring before the Dominion Government those varied interests with greater force and effect.

Yours, &c.,

JAMES FELL.

Victoria, Jan. 19. jan19

To the Voters in the Electoral District of Victoria.

Gentlemen,—I am a candidate for the Ottawa House of Commons as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald.

T. R. HUMPHREYS.

DOMINION ELECTION.

To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria

GENTLEMEN—I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the Liberal-Conservative party.

E. CROW BAKER.

Victoria, January 18, 1887. jan18

Dominion Election.

The undersigned announces that he is a candidate for the representation of the Victoria Electoral District in the Commons of Canada, and respectfully solicits the vote and influence of the electors in said District.

W. A. ROBERTSON.

jan 18

To the Electors of Electoral District of Victoria

GENTLEMEN:

I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the liberal-conservative party.

JOHN SHAKESPEARE

Jan 17

"ALMOST"

Given Away for 13 Months, and Premium Thrown in.

IN ORDER TO ESTABLISH A CIRCULATION of 100,000 copies a month of the LADIES DOMESTIC MAGAZINE, the publishers have decided to give a useful premium in addition to every subscriber of this able and instructive SIXTEEN PAGE MAGAZINE to anyone sending $1c. before the 1st January. This Magazine is devoted to the interest of the Ladies; it is full of Instructions and general Information, including selections from all the leading Magazines and Journals of Home and abroad, with originals subjects pertaining to Domestic affairs and the advancement and welfare of the Ladies throughout America. It is the Cheapest and Best publication of the kind in Canada. No Home should be without it, as every Miss, Maid and Mother will be delighted with its contents. Great inducements offered to those getting up Clubs. Men, Women, Boys and Girls write for full particulars. From one to five dollars a day can be added to regular income by getting subscribers for this indispensable Magazine. Every family will want it and will have it as soon as they see the first issue, which will be distributed at the end of January. Send 25c. at once and secure the premium and start with our first issue. Remember it is 13 months for the regular subscription. The above offer holds good until the 1st January only.

Address ADELBERT MILES, Business Manager, STANSTEAD, P. Q. Stamps taken.

oct 27 TuW and W

Merchants, Bankers & Manufacturers SHOULD READ

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A Weekly Journal of Trade, Finance, and Public Economy.

Sixteen Pages every Saturday. Circulation Twenty Pages. Subscribers 24 Pages.

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The foremost purpose of BRADSTREET'S is to be of practical service to business men. Its special trade and industrial reports and its comprehensive yearly review are considered invaluable. As a medium of information, in the widest sense, it is coming to be more and more recognized as a historical work, the information contained in BRADSTREET'S is of both immediate and permanent value to all.

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Appropriate,
Cheering,
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T. W. FLETCHER, Agt,

FORT STREET.

feb 12

FOR SALE,

Craigflower Steam Mills

Now doing a good business. Capable of making the best article of

OATMEAL

In the Province. Also,

A PEARL BARLEY MILL

Together with a SAWMILL, 52-inch Saw. An Oatmeal Miller will find this rare opportunity. Apply to

D. F. ADAMS.

sep121

JOSEPH SEARS,

House & Sign Painter,

Glazier, Paper Hanger,

AND DEALER IN

Paints, Colors, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass and Wall Paper.

YATES ST., ABOVE DOUGLAS,

jan29 tm

SAUSAGE SEASON

1886.

JULIUS BARRAN

SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER,

Yates St., Next the Clarence.

I beg to notify my customers that I am now prepared to supply the TRADE with my sausages and pies of my kind. I make large QUANTITIES of the BEST quality of Fresh Sausages. I use only the best quality of pork, and the finest and most expensive seasoning, and my pies are filled with meat. The most extensive and complete MACHINERY I am able to enjoy the trade with a FIRST-CLASS ARTICLE at a moderate price. At the above time I do not pretend to compete with the rear-stuff that is offered to the public by others in the trade who have not the position, do not own meat markets, are not stamped, or not able to make a good article. The good qualities of BARRAN'S SAUSAGES are known throughout the whole Province, and every one should give them a trial.

de18 JULIUS BARRAN.

VICTORIA

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Money advanced on Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry of all kinds, Guns, Pistols, Trunks and contents, &c., &c.

☞ UNREDEEMED PLEDGES for sale. Business strictly confidential.

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Opposite Railroad Hotel. P. O. Box 564.

Glasgow and London

FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Capital	$5,250,000
Government Deposit	100,000
Reserve	955,000
Income	1,100,000
Assets in Canada	193,633

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Glasgow and London Building, MONTREAL

D. MACDIALL LANG, General Manager

London, England.

JAMES BURNS,

Agent for British Columbia—Office, Langley Street, Victoria, B. C.

☞ Every description of Fire Insurance effected at Lowest Rates.

THE OLD RELIABLE

JOHN BULL

BITTERS.

UNEQUALLED.

A. B. GRAY & CO.,

VICTORIA.

Sole Agents for British Columbia

sep28 DAW

Valuable Farm for Sale.

ONE of the best farms in Cowichan District, comprising 160 acres of excellent land, about 50 acres on the Flats and under cultivation, which produces enormous crops of grain and roots. A great number of stumps, large outbuildings, and one acre of orchard, bearing apples, pears, etc., and all necessary farm implements, including self-binder, harrows, etc. The house also forms a store and has a very good general trade due to the place. For further particulars and terms apply to the owner, Richard Evans, Cowichan, B. C., or to Messrs. Pell & Co., Victoria.

aug31 1aW

FORTLAND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

THE ST. CHARLES.

C. W. KNOWLES, Proprietor.

The Finest Hotel. The Leading Hotel of the Northwest. Corner Front and Morrison streets, Portland, Oregon. The house has just been thoroughly overhauled, from ground floor to attic, being repainted, papered and refurnished throughout. Twenty additional rooms to the well and favorably known St. Charles, all entirely new in appointments. An this Elevator has just been introduced, with a capacity for carrying ten tons weight, making the upper floors as convenient as those on the ground. The St. Charles is now arranged, is acknowledged the finest and most complete establishment of the kind in the Northwest. The Restaurant, in charge of Chas. Holman, is conducted in first class style and affords visitors every luxury known in the culinary art. jan4

GERRETT & MACLEAY,

IMPORTERS

And Wholesale Grocers, Shipping and Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon.

jan8 DAW

J. McCRACKEN & CO.

IMPORTERS,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 80, 82 and 84 North Front street, Portland, Oregon. jan8

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION.

J. C. DEVLIN,

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, DeCosmos' Block, Government street. Dealer in Eastern Cheese, Butter, Bacon, Lard, Flour and Oatmeal. Island and Mainland produce handled on Commission. Liberal advances made. Consignments of all kinds of produce solicited. sep30

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Burdett street, next to Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. P. O. Box 56.

L. GOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Purchase, sell and lease property, collect rents, make loans on mortgage, transact all business relating to real estate. Maps showing the various districts on the island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Hardwoods and Farm Lands can be procured at their office. feb12

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PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS.

☞ Special attention given to diseases of the Throat, Chest and Skin. ☞ Special attention given to diseases of the Eye and Ear.

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L. GOODACRE,

Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

C. R. ROBELIN,

CARPENTER, JOINER & CONTRACTOR.

Wharf street, near Johnson, Victoria. All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Estimates furnished on the premises gratis. Charges moderate. oct15

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ARCHITECT,

Spencer's Arcade, Government street, Victoria, B. C. P. O. Box ——

JOHN TEAGUE,

ARCHITECT,

Government street, Victoria, British Columbia.

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HARRIS & HARGREAVES,

CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS AND ARCHITECTS.

Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. cor. of Government & Fort Sts., up-stairs, Victoria, B. C.

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MERCHANTS,

H. O. BEETON & Co.

39 FENCHURCH STREET

LONDON E.C. Wharf street, Victoria.

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J. TINLAYSON,

GROCER,

Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, B. C. Dealer in fine family groceries of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also choice tea and coffee.

IRON WORKS.

ALBION IRON WORKS CO. (Ltd'td.)

HOME INDUSTRY.

Pumps and Boilers of every description. Cooking and Heating Stoves, &c.

ANDREW GRAY, Manager.

W. F. BULLEN, Secretary.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

A. & W. WILSON,

PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS,

Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Tin-lers in Roof Generalizers of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Fort street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call, 196.

TRANSPORTATION.

W. BUCKETT,

TRUCK AND DRAYMAN.

Begs to inform patrons and public generally that he is still to be found on the old stand, Yates street, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a share of their patronage. My name will appear on all trucks and drays. All orders left at Baker and Sons' Yates street, or the Fashion Stables, Fort street, will receive prompt attention. Any hour.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A PAYING BUSINESS

In New Westminster, B. C., for sale. Six Bedrooms, well furnished. Dining Room and Parlors; Kitchen, with Range, Cooking Utensils and Table Ware. Price $350. Reason for selling, old age and being unable to attend to the business. Address W., HERALD office, Vancouver. feb10

MEDICAL.

MRS. McGREGOR—MIDWIFE. Diploma and Medical Testimonials of graduacy from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cook streets, near Bonwill's grocery store. oct27

LEGAL.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS,

Langley street, Victoria, B. C. | E. M. EBERTS. | W. J. TAYLOR.

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION

FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,

Established 1797. Assets (nearly) $36,000,000.

H. O. HANDLEY, Agent,

Fort-st. Victoria, B. C. jan8 1y

TEAS, WINES AND SPIRITS.

JOHN BOYD,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER

In Teas, Wines and Spirits. Fine Scotch Whiskies, specially selected for family purposes. Orders outside of Victoria promptly attended to. P. O. 374. YATES STREET. feb9dly

Railways and Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Navigation Co.

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 5

Taking effect February 22, 1887.

Burrard Inlet Route.

VICTORIA TO

Port Moody and Vancouver.

Daily except Monday, at 7 o'clock.

Moodyville and Hastings.

Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock.

Port Moody to Victoria.

Daily except Monday, at 2.30 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria.

Daily except Monday, at 11.30 o'clock.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA

For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island.

Sunday Tuesday and Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Plumper Pass

Tuesday, at 7 o'clock.

Leaves New Westminster for Victoria.

Monday at one p.m.; Wednesday and Friday at 7 a.m.

Tuesday, at 4 a.m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass,

Wednesday at 7 o'clock.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notice.

Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 23 minutes faster than Victoria time.

G. A. CARLETON, GEN. AGENT. | JOHN IRVING, MANAGER.

Oceanic Steamship Company.

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.

WILL LEAVE the Company's Wharf, Folsom Street, San Francisco, California, for

HONOLULU, AUCKLAND AND SYDNEY,

WITHOUT CHANGE

THE MAGNIFICENT 3000 TON IRON STEAMER

ZEALANDIA,

March 12, ... at 8 P.M.

☞ For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market st. JOHN T. RYAN, GEN'L AGENT.

327 Market Street, San Francisco, California.

nov26

PACIFIC Mail Steamship Co.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS call for

Hongkong via Yokohama,

City of Rio de Janeiro ..... March 1

City of New York ..... March 31

For New York via Panama,

Steamers will sail Feb. 15th, 28th and 15th of each month for points of call. See San Francisco papers.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents, San Francisco.

jan 1

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO.

COLUMBIA RIVER ROUTE

TIME TABLE.

Commencing Monday, Aug. 2, 1886.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at	7.45 a.m.
Arrives at Townsend at	10.00 a.m.
Leaves Townsend at	10.05 a.m.
Arrives at Seattle at	2.00 p.m.
Leaves Seattle at	2.45 p.m.
Arrives at Tacoma at	3.25 p.m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Leaves St. Paul at	4.02 p.m.
Leaves Helena at	8.15 p.m.
Leaves Walla at	10.50 p.m.
Arrives at Portland at	10.30 a.m.
Leaves Portland at	11.01 a.m.
Leaves Tacoma at	4.50 a.m.
Arrives at Seattle at	9.10 a.m.
Leaves Seattle at	7.00 a.m.
Arrives at Townsend at	11.05 a.m.
Leaves Townsend at	11.20 a.m.
Arrives at Victoria at	1.00 p.m.

For further particulars, call on

ROBERT IRVING,

General Ticket Agent.

Two doors north of Post Office, Government street.

John Meston

CARRIAGE MAKER,

BLACKSMITH, Etc.,

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets,

VICTORIA, B. C. 71

WARNING!

Occupants of houses should secure Safe Windows and Doors against Cold Drafts by using

Browne's Patent Metallic and Rubber Weather Strips

for Windows and Doors, which entirely exclude

COLD DRAFTS.

Saving half your fuel and DUST in dwellings, saving your clothes, furniture and furniture. RATTLING RAMPS stopped. Windows can be raised or lowered as easily as if no Strips were used. The best of all TRIMS on Street Doors and Public Buildings in the Dominion. Find out at DRAWING ROOM and SLEEPING CARS; 18,000 in use in United States and Europe and Warranted for Five Years.

For sale by JOHN WILSON, P.O. Box 30, Victoria, B.C. JOHN TEAGUE Architect, Corbett Block, Victoria, B.C. REVERS, Architect, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

feb 1 1y eow

GENERAL

PASSENGER AGENCY.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES,

To or from Great Britain or the Continent,

Berths secured in advance by Telegraph.

HALL & GOEPEL,

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

Kings Head Beer Hall,

JOHNSON STREET

THE old favorably well known House has been extensively remodelled and fitted up in superior fashion. Visitors to the Capital will find this one of the most comfortable places of resort in the city. Choicest Liquors and Cigars always on hand. Lunch every day from 11 to 2 o'clock. Oysters in season. Billiard Room attached. Entrance on Johnson street.

JOHN STEWART AND WHITE,

late of the Dominion Hotel, Fort street.

Portland Advertisem'ts.

Dr. SPINNEY

Mechanic Block, opposite Post-office,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

TREATS with the same remarkable success as of old, SEXUAL NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. Correspondence invited and prompt attention given to all letters. Call, or write for pamphlet and list of questions. jan29

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

Royal Flour.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland, 41 New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition, at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

☞ Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON,

Moody's Block, Estate street, Victoria,

Agent for British Columbia.

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair 1885, 1886, 1886. | Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics' Fair 1885, 1886, 1886.

Capitol Mills Flour

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capital Flour Mills Company, Limited.

☞ ONE-THIRD ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 75 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Baker, the Baker who bought it, the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland. Mills—Salem, Oregon.

PORTLAND AGENT,

ALEX. GRANT,

5 SLACK STREET.

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Whether, Bakers' and Monet Hood Superfine Flours.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.

IRWIN, LANNING & CO.

aug 14 tf Proprietors.

DR. VANMONCISCAR,

132, 134, Third Street, Portland, Or.

Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer with

LOST MANHOOD,

Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Losses, Partial Impotency, Weak Eyes, Disabled Memory, Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society, Unfitness for Business or Marriage, also Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Impotence, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Intolerable Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, receive sure, lasting treatment, permanently cured and cured for life.

Both Sexes consult confidentially. If in trouble, call immediately or write. Delays are dangerous. mar1 DAW

COCKLE'S

ANTIBILIOUS

PILLS.

The Great English Medicine.

PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS, AND WITHOUT MERCURY. USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS. SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WHOLESALE AGENTS,

EVANS SONS & MASON, LTD.

MONTREAL.

The Starr Kidney Pad,

A PERMANENT

Sure Cure for Diseases

Disorders and Affects of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Secretes, Dropsy, Gravel, Complete Loss of Sexual Power, Nocturnal Emissions, etc., producing Urine, Dropsy, Gravel, Sexual Weakness, Impotency, Pain in the Back, Sediment, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Piles, Nervous Debility, etc., etc.

Pamphlets and Testimonials can be obtained from Druggists free.

Prices.—Child's Pad, $1.00 (cures bed-wetting). Regular Pad, $2.00. Special Pad for Chronic Diseases $3.00.

"DOOR BACKING.—As the Starr Kidney Pad Co. of Toronto are again introducing in this province their amorca cure, it is only fair to call attention to the long period of success which has greeted their great antidote for so many distressing diseases. The intolerable complaints of diabetes and Bright's disease or the kidneys are affirmed by reliable people to yield to the persevering application of this company's pads, which have no equal in this affected climate of late winters and all weatherings of the limber and genito-urinary organs."—Victoria Colonist, Sept. 11, 1886.

LANGLEY & Co., Wholesale Agents, Victoria, B. C.

Retail by E. Fishburn & Co., Spencer, T. Pickard, Trounce pharm., E. B. Richardson, Cowichan; A. R. Johnson & Co., Chemainus; J. McNeely, Ladner's Landing; A. M. Herring and D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster; R. McDowell & Co., Vancouver; McTavish Bros., Kamloops and Vancouver; Clarke & Co., Kamloops; W. R. Mason, Priest Valley; and Vancouver Drug Co., Vancouver. sep11

CHAS HAYWARD'S

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Langley Street, Victoria.

TOWN OF FARWELL.

Lots for Sale.

ALLSUP & MASON.

Notices.

Municipal Notice.

Hackmen, Expressmen and Drayment are hereby notified to obtain their Licences at the City Hall forthwith, or they will be proceeded against under the Bylaw.

JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C.

City Hall, 8th February, 1887. | jan8

NOTICE.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE SUPREME Court of British Columbia, made in the matter of the estate of HIRAM F. Hunter, late of the city of Victoria, widow, deceased, and in an action "Jack v. Adams," the creditors of the said Hiram F. Hunter, deceased, on the 30th day of June, 1886, are on or before the 30th day of March, 1887, to send by post, prepaid, to Mr. James Charles Pemberton, Barrister of the Supreme Court, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order.

Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Registrar of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at his Chambers, at the Court House, James Bay, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 5th day of March, 1887, at 11 o'clock, at the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1887.

J. F. WALLS,

Langley street, Victoria,

Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

feb16 1m

B. C. Milling and Mining Co.,

(LIMITED.)

ASSESSMENT No. 11.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an assessment of one cent per share has been levied upon the members of the above company, payable at the company's Office, Langley Street, Victoria, on or before the 1st day of February, 1887, from and after which date all shares on which the said assessment shall then remain unpaid will be liable to forfeiture.

By order of the Directors,

GEO. A. SADDINGTON,

Secretary.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1887. feb16 tu

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE have this day purchased the Coal, Wood and Lumber business carried on under the name of "The Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard" by Messrs. Harrison & McLachlan, of this city, and that all liabilities in connection with the same will be paid by us, and all accounts due the late firm must be paid forthwith at our office, Government street, next the Bank of British Columbia.

The business will be continued as usual, and we respectfully solicit a continuance of the public patronage.

CROFT & ANGUS.

February 18, 1887. feb18 tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership which has for some time past been carried on by us under the firm name of "The Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard," was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. SEYMOUR YATES. | H. A. HARRISON.

WITNESS, | C. McLACHLAN.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 17, 1887. feb18

Notice.

MR. GUSTAV LICHER HAS BEEN ADMITTED as a partner in the business of a Dry Goods Merchant, to carry on the same at 97 Upon Government Street, and the business will henceforth be known as "LICHER & LICHER."

Victoria, Dec. 4, 1886. HUGH LEIGH.

GUSTAV LICHER.

Witness, THEODORE DAVIE.

NOTICE.

S. SHAAGH will continue the fur business in the old stand formerly occupied by J. H. Mayer, Government Street.

S. SHAAGH.

N. B.—All work guaranteed. dec 11

NO. 140.

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for the Year 1887.

BE IT ENACTED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America, to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $30,000, including the new revenue overdraft, at rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum.

2. All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the thirty-first day of December, 1887, out of the municipal revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This By-Law may be cited as the "Bank Credit By-Law, 1887."

Passed the Municipal Council the 8th day of February, A. D. 1887.

Re-considered and finally passed the Council this 15th day of February, A. D. 1887.

(L. S.) JAMES FELL, Mayor.

JAS. D. ROBINSON, C. M. C. feb9

Gareshe, Green & Co.

BANKERS

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold Dust and U. S. Currency

Purchased at highest market rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers

San Francisco, New York and Canada.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

W. F. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON

PACIFIC Business College,

320 POST ST. (P.O. Building)

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75

NO VACATIONS

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.

☞ Ladies admitted into all departments of the College.

S. S. HYAMS,

OPTICIAN, 307 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

Perfect Fitting Spectacles and Eyeglasses to suit all sights, adapted to the human eye, from the lowest to the highest degree of vision, by the use of the Optometer, the invention of the most eminent Oculist of the age. Also, Opera Glasses, Telescopes, Barometers, Thermometers, Compasses, Surveyors' Instruments, Drawing Instruments, Microscopes, Magic Lanterns, Stereoscopes and Photographic Lenses. Eyes Examined Free. Spectacles and Eyeglasses Fitted Free. Sole agent for the celebrated Spectacles and Eyeglasses, "Diamond Brand." jan29 dawly

Hudson's Bay Company.

The following Goods on Sale at the Lowest Market Rates:

Ale and Stout,	Flour,	Mustard,
Apples,	Geneva,	Oysters,
Arrowroot,	Gin	Pickles,
Bacon,	Hams,	Porter,
Beans,	Honey,	Port Wine,
Bitters,	Isinglass,	Raisins,
Brandy,	Jams and	Jellies, Rum,
Capers,	Ketchup,	Sauce,
Champagne,	Lard,	Sherry,
Claret,	Lobsters,	Sugar,
Currants,	Maccaroni,	Tea,
Currie Powder,	Marmalade,	Whisky,

A Supply of the Celebrated DUKE'S CAMEO CIGARETTES Just received.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON (EXCEPT SUNDAY).

Victoria, Thursday, Feb. 24, 1887.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Money saved by having your plays made by FRASER, the ARCHITECT.

—Mr. G. Clouston has opened a carriage painting and furniture varnishing shop on Blanchard street, near Fort.

—All the latest and most popular songs, direct from London, can be had at M. W. Waitt & Co.'s music store.

—The local by-law, for the improvement of fire protection, has been carried in Nanaimo by 69 for to 33 against.

—A fine line of water proof coats and umbrellas, cheap at A. GRAHAM'S, Johnson street.

—The correspondence of "Comtax" and others is unavoidably crowded out to-day.

—Photographic views along the line of the C. P. R. in B. C., for sale at R. MAYNARD'S, Douglas St.

—EASTERN OYSTERS, fresh every day, at JOE LEVY'S, by gallon, quart or pint. Same price as Island Oysters.

—Freund and Lee, charged with the murder of J. S. Harris near Ladner's Landing will be tried at the May assizes at New Westminster.

—The case of Edwin John vs. Bedford came up in the Provincial Court to-day before Edwin Johnson, and was postponed for one week.

—GOODWIN & JORDAN, piano manufacturers, tuning and repairing. FACTORY CORNORAY street, between Douglas and Blanchard. First class work only. Telephone 98; P. O. box 422.

—A certain M. P. P., and disciple of Blackstone yesterday made the foolish wager of $50 that Sir John's majority will be 30. No one but a black Tory would do such a thing.

—Mr. Geo. Cruickshank, of the Bank of B. C., will leave for Nanaimo in a day or two to take charge of the new branch at that city, which will be opened some time this week it is thought.

—Dr. A. C. West, dentist, will for the present occupy dental rooms in Hastings' Photographic buildings, Fort street, where his old patrons and all requiring fine dental work, are respectfully invited to call.

—A social masquerade will be given on Friday evening next in Oliver's Dancing academy, Denny's block, for which preparations have been going on for some time. A gala time is anticipated by those intending to be present.

—ANOTHER CANDIDATE.—With pleasure we announce the candidature of A. E. Erskine to supply the PUBLIC with BOOTS AND SHOES at most reasonable prices. Cash is his platform; committee rooms corner Government and Johnson streets; all are invited.

—Lovers of a really fine and fragrant cigarette are recommended to smoke the Duke's Cameo brand, pronounced by connoisseurs to be simply superb. A mouthpiece of novel design is supplied with each cigarette. Imported solely by the Hudson's Bay Company.

—Hall & Quackenbush, Vancouver, B.C., have the most complete list of business and suburban properties for sale at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Price and terms to suit all parties. Inquiries by mail promptly answered. References.

—M. W. Waitt & Co. have the largest and best assorted stock of musical instruments and merchandise ever imported into the city. Pianos and organs of the best makes always on hand. The latest sheet music and music books kept and constantly arriving. Call and examine. H. KENT, MANAGER.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORSHIP.

The agony over the Lieutenant-Governorship of this Province is now over. Senator NELSON having received the coveted post. The selection of Senator NELSON as our future Governor will be hailed with delight by his numerous friends throughout the country. THE TIMES has always contended that the claims of the Senator were, according to our lights, superior to those of others whose names were mentioned in connection with the position. We rejoice to know that those views have prevailed at Ottawa as they did with the majority of the people of British Columbia. Senator NELSON is one of our most respected and enterprising pioneers. In conjunction with others he has done much to advance the interests of the Province. For the many years he has been in public life he has always discharged the duties devolving on him with a zeal and fidelity that have won for him the respect and esteem of his fellow-citizens. We but repeat the utterances of every one when we state that the one wish to-day is that His Honor may long be spared to discharge the duties of his office, and, with his wife, dispense the hospitalities of Government House in a manner becoming ever exalted stations.

THE LIBERAL MEETING.

Last night's meeting was an unqualified success. A few partizans, led by a prominent supporter of Messrs. SHAKESPEARE and BAKER, tried to disturb the proceedings by unseemly noises; but their contemptible tactics were frowned down by nine-tenths of those opposed to, as well as by all in sympathy with, the speakers. Better things were to be expected from the undertaker and coal merchant, but both are in *bondage* and not responsible for their actions.

Mr. BOWELL made an excellent impression. His speech dealt with Northwest affairs and was one of the best delivered. Owing to the lateness of the hour, his remarks were necessarily brief, but they were convincing and eloquent.

A well-known crank, in one of the boxes, was the cause of some harmless amusement, but the effect contemplated by his promoters and instigators was not attained. The day has gone by forever in Victoria when cat-calls and uproar can put down free discussion.

The meeting demonstrated this fact—that there is a strong Liberal sentiment in this city. It will grow and strengthen and ultimately dominate this western province, whose inhabitants are most assuredly Liberal in all things.

If the public are pleased with the *Colonist's* report of the proceedings, we mistake them very much. Every man who has a love for fair play, truth and right will condemn that lying effusion. Its reports of all the Liberal meetings and its editoral references thereto, are a disgrace to honest journalism. We regret that the new management should have continued the old tactics. But it appears they are the sons of their father and out of his ways—at all times questionable they cannot elevate themselves.

MR. STUART TO THE COLONIST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—In the course of my remarks last night I had occasion to allude to a bull-bitch, and compared the Conservative party to that animal on account of the cruelty and firmness of their hold when once they get their fangs fairly in the people's throat. The *Colonist* is horrified and St. David has barred up his eyes in pious grief at the "lowness," "silliness," "coarseness" of the remarks. Let the old man control himself and suggest to his scribs the use of milder adjectives, or I may have to give him some illustrations, coming closer to home, that he will have every reason to find "disgusting". I am not in the habit of making low remarks in public, and I said nothing to which exception could reasonably be taken. The attempt to pervert my meaning only shows that some of the blows I dealt came home. When next I have occasion to use the word, I shall not hesitate to utter it. I cannot promise in future to call a bull-bitch "a lady bull dog" to suit the taste or soothe the feelings of any *puppy* on the *Colonist* staff.

H. MACNAB STUART.

The Concordia.

An excellent bill of variety specialties following each other in rapid succession and without the tiresome waits noticeable at other entertainments of the kind is the plan of the Concordia's continuous popularity. Add to this perfect order and the amusement seeker who is not thoroughly satisfied at the Concordia is indeed hard to please. Remember the one legged acrobats appear this week only.

Remnants at Albion House.

Discharged.

The Chinese prisoner, Moo Ah Gong, who was accused of stabbing another Chinaman in the head at a camp on the Island Railway was discharged from custody by the police magistrate, on the ground that the evidence was not sufficient to convict him.

ORGANS.

We have a few Organs left, which we will sell cheap to clear them out.

R. S. Williams's Co.

PIANOS.

We have a few Pianos next on consignment, which we will sell CHEAP.

British Columbia Stationery Co.

Next door to Post Office.

3 POINTERS.

Which will show experienced Judges of Value where Bargains are to be had:

1st. All Wool Grey Flannel, 25c per Yard.

2nd. Women's Merino Hosiery, 12½c per pair.

3rd. Wool Goods, in all styles, at Cost.

LANSDOWNE HOUSE, Fates St.

JOHN FAIRFIELD, Proprietor.

Remnants at Albion House.

The Mayor Protests.

At the council meeting last night Mayor Fell entered his solemn protest against the action of the council in appointing an engineer for the reservoirs, at a salary of $150 per month, while the city had the services of an efficient officer like Mr. Hendry, who had first brought forward the scheme. The Mayor thinks that Mr. Hendry is competent to superintend the work and does not hesitate to express his opinion that the council is actuated by personal feeling in the discharge of an important public trust.

Remnants at Albion House.

The Island Mountain.

The Island Mountain mine, alongside Jack-of-Clubs Lake, Cariboo, is developing a fine body of ore. It shows eight feet of quartz, carrying about eighty per cent. of sulphurets, at the end of the lower 100-foot tunnel. The average assay of twenty-one samples gives a result of over $50 to the ton. The outlook for the mine is most promising, and we are pleased to know that Mr. P. C. Dunlevy, an old British Columbian, is principal owner.

The Liederkranz.

This German society will give one of their favorite evening entertainments in Pemberton's Hall this evening. Several new songs will be introduced by the members, and the Queen City Orchestra will furnish music for the dancing. The refreshment committee with their untiring solicitude will attend to the wants of the ladies and gentlemen in need. All those who are favored with an invitation are certain to have a grand time.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

First Session of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

SIXTEENTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 23rd.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m. Prayers by Rev. Mr. Percival.

PAPERS PRESENTED.

Hon. J. Robson presented papers in reference to Dominion subsidies to Island Railway and the Alaska Boundary.

PRINTING RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. Beaven called attention to the delay in printing returns which had been brought down. The session was drawing on, and unless printed soon they would be practically useless, and no action would be possible by members who had asked for them.

Hon. J. Robson said the delay was caused by the large amount of work in the printing office.

Mr. Semlin suggested that a temporary increase be made in the staff.

Hon. Mr. Beaven pointed out that since the present Provincial Secretary became head of the printing department the efficiency of the department had deteriorated and the expense largely increased. Previous to that time the printing was done promptly. If the printing office was unable to perform the work required of it some other arrangement should be made.

Hon. J. Robson said the printing had doubled in the last few years, while the cost has not increased in the same proportion. Everything was being done that could be to facilitate the work.

ALASKA BOUNDARY.

Mr. Turner moved: "Whereas it appears that the government of the United States of America contemplate taking early steps for the better defining the boundary line which separates the Dominion of Canada from the Territory of Alaska; and whereas in a minute passed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, dated July 22nd, 1884, it is clearly and conclusively set forth that the line which Great Britain is entitled to claim under the Treaty of 1825 commences at the entrance of Behm's Canal, instead of Portland Channel, as contended by the United States authorities, thereby securing to the Crown a very large area of territory, together with valuable water ways now claimed by the United States; and whereas British Columbia has a direct and paramount interest in a speedy and proper adjustment and delineation of said boundary line; Resolved, That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, requesting that His Honor may be pleased to represent to the Dominion Government the urgent importance of an early settlement of the boundary between Canada and Alaska, and asking that British Columbia may be represented upon any Commission which may be appointed for that purpose." Mr. Turner said every member would feel the importance of a definition of the northern boundary line. The development of the mineral resources and the fishing industry of the district had shown the desirability of a proper and definite boundary. The populations on both sides were gradually nearing each other and we were in the unfortunate position of not knowing where British Columbia ended or Alaska began. The trade of one northern territory and the disputes about the navigation of the Stickeen were also imperative reasons for the settlement of the question. Should a commission be appointed it would be only right that British Columbia should be represented. Had our province been represented during the San Juan dispute, that fair island, which is virtually a portion of Vancouver Island, would now be our property. We did not want to have our property filched from us, as had been done in the past by our American cousins.

The motion was seconded by Mr. Prior.

Mr. Ladner was prepared to go a step further. There was a point of land of about 4 square miles, south of the 49th parallel, owned by the United States, which was only a resort for whisky smugglers. He moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Orr, "that every effort be made to secure possession of said piece of land by exchanging a portion of the northern part of British Columbia therefore."

The amendment was afterwards withdrawn, the mover promising to bring it up at a future time.

Hon. J. Robson characterized our northern boundary as one of the most stupid things, geographically; that could well be imagined, and a standing disgrace to English statesmanship in negotiating boundaries. Now that fishermen were coming to British Columbia from Newfoundland to work our sea farm, it was of vast importance that the subject should be settled. The country in question was nothing more than a mass of rock, covered with a certain area of land, vast mineral rights, and large commercial interests.

Mr. Ladner thought a desirable boundary might easily be arranged now, which might be impossible where important private interests would crop up. Rather than follow the wording of the treaty, which followed the sinuosities of the coast bright or nine points might be fixed upon and straight lines drawn between. He understood that important explorations would be made in that country at an early day, and expressed the hope that the object of the resolution would be carried out.

The motion carried.

ASHCROFT BRIDGE.

Mr. Semlin moved "that an order of the House be granted for copies of the following papers, etc.: Specifications for construction of the Ashcroft Bridge; contract for constructing said bridge; correspondence between the government, or any member thereof, and the following parties, viz.: The Bridge Company, or anyone on its behalf; the Provincial Superintendent of construction, or any other person, in relation to the construction or condition of such bridge." The mover said there were apprehensions that the foundations of the bridge were not what they should be, and during the high water of last season, the piers had received a list to one side. It was believed that the bridge was not safe, and that there was a danger that it would be unsafe to use it when it was most required. The funnel-shaped piers, supposed to be filled with stone and concrete, were understood not to have been constructed according to specifications.

Mr. McLean seconded the motion. He said the gravel was now escaping from the casing, thus rendering the piers insecure. If the bridge was washed away as which there seemed to be imminent danger, it would cause a serious obstruction to business.

Mr. Allen said the bridge was not safe and he was afraid it would not stand.

Hon. J. Robson admitted the accuracy of the complaints made, and stated that repairs were being made at the expense of the contractors, whose bondsmen had not yet been relieved.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the whole difficulty had originated in the vicious system inaugurated by the present government in allowing contractors to prepare their own plans and specifications. That it was necessary in minute for them to do so, was a matter of no consequence to the government, which had no more regard for statistics than for so much waste paper.

Mr. Semlin said the impression in the district as to the manner in which the work had been done was that the gravel had been thrown in the iron cylinders, the cement on top and water afterwards let into it up. The result was the cement washed and ran off in the river. There was no doubt at all that no care was taken in mixing the cement, such as was observed at the dry dock.

SUBSIDY.

Mr. Croft introduced a bill entitled "An Act to amend the Slack Fire Act, 1886," which was read a first time.

LAND REGISTRATION.

Mr. T. Davie introduced a bill entitled "An Act to further amend the Land Registry Ordinance, 1885," and to repeal the "Statute 49 Vict., c. 9," which was read a first time.

JURORS' ACT.

Attorney-General Davie introduced an act to amend the Jurors' Act, 1883, which was read a first time.

PROVINCIAL RIGHTS.

On a petition from the Okanagan and Shuswap Railway Company, asking for improvements and land subsidies, Mr. Beaven raised the point that the wording of the petition was objectionable, inasmuch as it asked the House to sanction an act of the Dominion House, which it had no right to perform. Messrs. Beaven, T. Davie, Orr, McLean, Grant and Hon. J. Robson held to the view that the right of the province in this connection should be affirmed, and suggested that the petition be withdrawn and referred without reference to Ottawa legislation.

Mr. Bole moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at 5:15 till to-day.

THE "COLUMBIAN" AS AN HONEST POLITICIAN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—I was much surprised when I read the *Columbian's* editorial of the 18th inst., on the "Two candidates." The *Columbian* has been posing all along as the champion, not only of private, but also of public and political morality, truthfulness, fairplay, and honesty. It attacks Mr. Chisholm most unmercifully on the Chinese question, assuming him of shirking it, being an employer of Chinese, etc. Now had the *Columbian* been guided by honesty and followed the truth, here is something the which it should be compelled to say when it mentions Mr. Chisholm and the Chinese.

It will be remembered by many of the people of New Westminster that when the Chinese commission sat in the Court House, in this city, to enquire into the expediency of restricting Chinese immigration, Mr. Chisholm, although interested in the canning industry, was the only person present who advocated restriction. He reminded the commissioners that although restriction might have interfered with that particular industry in British Columbia, before the restriction act was passed in the United States, now that the Columbia river cannerymen were restricted to the Chinese already in the country, British Columbia cannery-men could compete successfully with them were a similar law in force in this province. He dwelt forcibly, and earnestly, on the many evils attending an influx of Chinese and remarked, that although the employers of Chinese labor were before them in force they had not asked for the evidence of a single laborer, notwithstanding it was the laborers bread and butter that was at stake. Mr. Trapp's opportunity to show his sympathy with white labor was equally as good as Mr. Chisholm's, but he failed to do so."

This is the story the *Columbian* would have had to tell had it followed the path of political honesty which it has persistently been preaching for the edification of others. Now for the temperance part of this wonderful editorial. After giving "Doc." "hell Columbia" on general principles it flounders, it strikes out blindly and wildly, in a kind of promiscuous way and shows its lack of logic and consistency by conceding "we are not sure that it would be wise at the present time to pass a prohibitory law in this province. Now, in the name of all that is wonderful, what is the temperance cause? Is it to pass a law for our neighbors which we do not want ourselves? But I think this may be allowed to pass, as Mr. Trapp at the nomination was so weak on this point, and could make so poor a promise, that one of the most enthusiastic temperance men created a sensation by jumping up and exclaiming: "It's a shame! It's a shame! I've lost my vote, but I don't blame you as much as I do a Senator whose tool you are." This editorial in the *Columbian* might have done some of the harm which was intended if the editor had had the sense to keep it for a few days longer, so that it would be too late for the truth to come out before the election. Politically speaking it may be said of the *Columbian*, that while claiming to be honest it tried to set the rogues and succeeded in establishing its reputation as a "fool." EARNTON.

Surry, B. C., 22 Feb., 1887.

THE CARIBOO RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—All our candidates are going in for the Northern Railway on Vancouver Island, and for appropriations without end, for local improvements. Mr. Robertson, however, with the good practical sense which distinguishes him, and feeling that a British Columbia member of the Dominion has a wider responsibility than that which is attached merely to the representation of one particular constituency, goes outside of the range of mere local interests, and will urge and support the carrying out of an enterprise which if successful will benefit, not Vancouver Island only, but the whole Province. I refer to the Cariboo railway, which has already received the attention of the Provincial Government, and for which preliminary surveys have been made.

I think all will acknowledge that one of the three great resources of British Columbia is its mines, and that much of the future prosperity depends on their development. As do no thoroughly, and to be in a position to compete with, or at least be on an equal footing with other mining sections of the continent, we must have the speediest and cheapest means of access to these mines, and which our roads and trails do not give us. That Cariboo will be a great quartz mining district, no one can doubt after reading the report of Messrs. Bowman, Croft and Koch and supported as they are by the developments now being made in the Hixon Creek, British Columbia, and Island Mountain mines, and when we consider that the development of these and other mines on the same lodes, and in other sections, means the starting of many new industries in connection therewith, such as foundries, saw mills and reduction works, a large market for the merchant, farmer, lumberman and fisherman, a steady field for skilled and unskilled labor, and the increase of the provincial revenue, much of which will be available for improvements elsewhere, it follows that the building of the Cariboo railway is of vital importance to this province, and should receive the earnest support of all our representatives, and not be lost sight of among a host of other wants, or through sectional differences. We can see that it is not a work to which benefits accrue immediately on the completion of its building, that it is the means to a great end, the building up of a lasting industry, now far reaching in its influence, it is impossible to calculate. Hence, it appeals to members from every constituency, island or mainland, Conservative, Unit or Independent, as a worthy object on which to concentrate their energies, so that it may receive recognition, and generous subsidies from the powers that be.

We find already that the C. P. R. has been a benefit in the Big Bend county, where mines are now being brought into the market as valuable properties which before the advent of the Canadian Pacific Railway were worthless. Some may argue that as there is a good wagon road to Cariboo, that it should meet all the requirements, but that road from Ashcroft is over 250 miles long, it can only be used during a certain portion of the year, for allowing that it can be kept open during the winter which is a difficult job even with much travel, as any one acquainted with it will acknowledge, there are two months in the spring when the snow is going that it is practically impossible for teams. Besides this there are many things which could be advanced as drawbacks to the usefulness of the wagon road, but the two greatest are the time consumed in the journey of 12 or 14 miles a day, and the cost of freight, which in the quartz days of 1868, ranged from $100 to $250 per ton. To remove the railway would cost a great deal of money, but so did the wagon road; but the old colony of British Columbia thought that it would be money well invested and so it proved to be. If, then, the men of early days could understand, and meet the requirements of placer mining in Cariboo, why should not we, with the greater industry of quartz mining at stake, be ready also to take those steps which the experience of 25 years has proved in other mining countries to be the right direction. We have been told that it has been difficult in the past to get appropriations for public works. If assistance from the Dominion government is desired for this railway section, it should be backed by the weight and influence of all the British Columbia members; if it merely takes a place on a level with a score or more of other objects for which money is wanted, the chances of getting substantial aid are very slim indeed. A. L.

SUPREME COURT.

[Before Mr. Justice Walkem.]

Baker & Co. and others vs. Muirhead & Carter. An application by Mr. Gunnaway, on behalf of defendants, for an allowance of $500 to each defendant out of the assets seized by the sheriff.

Mr. Mills and Mr. Taylor for the creditors, contended that defendants were not entitled to the exemption of the partnership assets, citing American authorities. Mr. Gunnaway answered that the act gave the exemption to every "debtor," and that defendants were "debtors," both jointly and individually, as regards the firm debts, and cited the case of Gum Long Chung vs. Lee Lee Long Co., where he had taken the same position now taken by plaintiffs, to which the Chief Justice (in County Court) held that the partner, Wah Soon, was entitled to the exemption of $500 out of the firm assets, and adjudged the creditor to pay the sheriff's possession money. His Lordship put both defendants through a rigid cross-examination, at the conclusion of which he remarked, that the examination exposed no fraud, but a reckless mode of doing business, and that the defendants under the circumstances ought to be willing to accept $500 jointly, which defendants agreed to do with their costs. Judgment was reserved.

Closing Out Sale

THE STOCK OF THE

QUEEN BOOT & SHOE STORE

Will be Sold for the next Four Weeks

AT A HEAVY REDUCTION,

TO CLOSE OUT THE SAME.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

REMOVAL.

Messrs. A. GREGG & SON,

Merchant Tailors,

Have Removed to the premises lately occupied by the Queen's Hotel, YATES STREET, where they hope to see all their old friends and Customers.

A New Stock of Imported Woollens

Just opened. An Inspection of our Stock is solicited. ☞ Satisfaction guaranteed or no sale. Terms Cash.

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTIST TAILORS,

Yates Street, - - - Opposite Langley.

Great Annual Discount Sale

OF

BOOTS & SHOES

COMMENCES THIS DAY AT THE

City Boot & Shoe Store

AND WILL LAST FOR FORTY DAYS.

☞ Now is your time. $29,000 worth in Stock, the whole to be sacrificed for Spring Goods.

G. H. MAYNARD, - - Fort Street.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Mr. E. Johnson, S. M.)

Joseph Johnson pleaded guilty to a charge of drunkenness; fined $5 or one week.

Ko Jack, unlawful possession of stolen property; remand till to-morrow.

Advance in Lumber.

The lumber manufacturers at Vancouver and Moodyville have advanced the price of rough lumber from $10 to $12 50 per thousand. The price of dressed lumber has also been increased.

NEW TO-DAY.

C. CLOUSTON,

Carriage Painter & Furniture Varnisher.

HAS THE ONLY VARNISH ROOM IN THE CITY. The best facilities for doing first-class work. Satisfaction guaranteed.

1384 tm Corner Fort and Blanchard Sts.

WARNING!

All persons are hereby informed that James' Bay Bridge Will be closed until further notice.

Persons passing the Barricade at either end will do so at their own risk, and are liable to be prosecuted.

By order,

F. LEECH,

Victoria, February 24th, 1887, City Surveyor.

A 'BUS

Will run between the ends of

James Bay Bridge,

Making the circuit of the bridge continuously

From 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. each day

During construction.

FARE:

Four Tickets for 10 Cents,

to be had of the Drivers.

Victoria, February 24th, 1887. 8d-3t

NOTICE.

Hardware Stock and Business for Sale.

SEALED TENDERS will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, March 2nd for the Stock and Goodwill of the business of the late A. R. Francis, situate on the corner of Store and Johnson streets, Victoria.

The stock comprises a miscellaneous assortment of Staple and Fancy Hardware, Crockery and Glassware, and offers a rare opportunity of obtaining a desirable stock and business. Tenders to be addressed to Mr. James Roper, Langley street, and the Stock List and Goods will be on view in the above store each day, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., from the 23rd inst. to the 1st of March.

TERMS—Half cash, with satisfactory security for balance, payable in three months. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

H. B. FRANCIS,

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 23rd, 1887. 1682 10 D W

Frank Hastings,

BLACK COLT, foaled April 16th, 1882, by "Frank Hastings," Sire, Sam, by imported Tom Gallant—the famous Kentucky Black Hawk horse, will stand for and serve a limited number of Mares this season.

AT SAANICH

In the early part of the week, and

IN VICTORIA,

at the Stables of Messrs. Jones & Robson, Johnson street, near Douglas, on Tuesday and Saturday.

Frank Hastings has taken first prize wherever exhibited, since he was foaled, and as a horse for general purposes the best that expands. He is admitted by all who examine him to be a beauty and a pacer.

TERMS—Single service, $15, for the season, $25. CHARLES McDONALD,

1622 Dbl Wkly Proprietor.

The Ladies of Saanich will hold a

SOCIAL DANCE

Agricultural Hall, South Saanich,

ON FRIDAY, FEB. 25,

For the benefit of a Widow with seven young children. Admission $1. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

1682 1d

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of lands, situate at Walkem's Landing, Trevor Channel and Hardwicke Islands, and some portion of the land is now in my occupation.

Dated this 22nd day of February, 1887.

From my home beach, about half mile north of Horse Point. Horse running northwesterly and southwesterly. Thence 160 chains to place of commencement.

T. B. JONES.

Sandon, Feb. 22, 1887. Feb22-4w-7th

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY,

OUR NATIONAL HIGHWAY.

Shortest, Quickest,

AND IN EVERY RESPECT,

THE BEST ROUTE,

FOR

Toronto, Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Halifax, Portland, New York, Boston, St. Paul & Chicago.

Daily Solid Through Trains

FROM

VANCOUVER TO MONTREAL,

☞ NO CHANGE OF CARS. ☜

Through Second-class Sleepers FREE OF CHARGE.

LOWEST RATES.

Remember our money is without exception the greatest in the World. For rates through to any of the Canadian Pacific Railway of Montreal, Lake Huron, Chicago and Other Western points, and who the tourists over the Canadian Pacific Railway.

☞ When going East, purchase Tickets by this Line.

Mark and Consign your Freight via C. P. Railway. Lowest Rates. No Transfers.

For Tickets, Sleeping Car Berths, and all information, apply at office of Canadian Pacific Navigation Company, where customers can deal fully connection with all through routes.

G. A. CARLETON, D. R. MUNRO, Freight Agent. Ticket Agent.

D. E. BROWN, District Freight and Passenger Agent.

FRESH

Baltimore Oysters,

BY EXPRESS, EVERY THREE DAYS, AT

R. Beauchamp's,

YATES STREET.

Finnan Haddies Have Arrived.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DISPATCH STEAMER

Every Saturday for San Francisco

Leaving the outer wharf at One o'clock p.m.

Feb. 26, - - Elder,

Shippers must notify us when cases for freight is required.

No Freight received after 6 p. m. on Friday, 28.

WELCH, RITHET & CO., Agents.

Wharf Street, Victoria. 1682

SALMON, SALMON

FINE RED SALMON,

IN KITS, as the fish are landed, 44 per kit. In half barrels, 200 lbs. or barrel, $7.50 per bbl. Salmon Bellies, in kits, 50 lbs. to half kit, $1.25 per kit. Small Bellies, a bit per pound.

Sept 18 GEO. VIENNA.

TO LET.

'The Fashion'

Livery and Sale Stables,

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Feb 17. DAW 1m

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